2013 NASA/RASC-AL Robo-Ops Competition

Midterm Report

Team Members:

Boris Barreto - Electrical and Computer Engineering Jason Brown - Mechanical Engineering Justin Hundeshell - Mechanical Engineering Linus Nandati - Electrical Engineering Tsung Lun Yang - Mechanical Engineering

Project Overview

Objectives

- Build an innovative rover design capable of competing in the 2014 Robo-Ops competition
- Capable of traversing environments similar to those on Mars
- Tele-Operated using wireless communications
- > And Pick up brightly colored rocks using an extraction unit
- Goals for this year's platform
 - Build two smaller rovers
 - Improve Communications Design



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Jason Brown

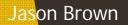
Last Year's Platform



Area's for Improvement



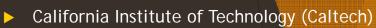


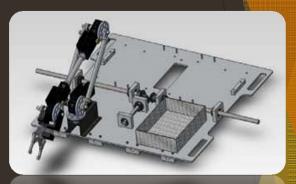


Research

Studied previous designs from other schools

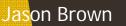
Worchester Polytechnic Institute (WPI)





University of Massachusetts Lowell (U-Mass Lowell)

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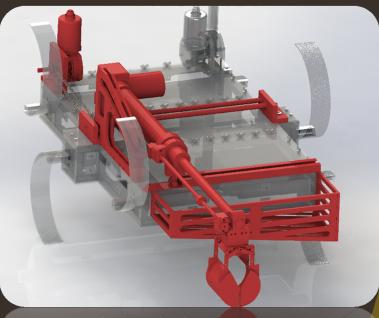


Design and Prototyping

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Major Design Components

- Rover locomotion system
- Cooling system
- Extraction unit
 - Robotic arm
 - Robotic gripper



Platform for SpaceHex 2013

Tsung 'Chris' Lun Yang

Rover Design

- RHex Hexapedal Robot
 - Six C-shaped compliant legs
 - Remarkable terrain capabilities
- Multiple vs. Single Rover System
 - Requirements
 - ► Weight <= 45kg
 - ▶ Size = 1m x 1m x 0.5m





Rhex from Boston Dynamics

Cooling System Design

Increase Convective Heat Dissipation

- Modify frame to expose motor
- Increase air flow

Minimize sand infiltration

Liquid Cooling System

SpaceHex - Enclosed platform

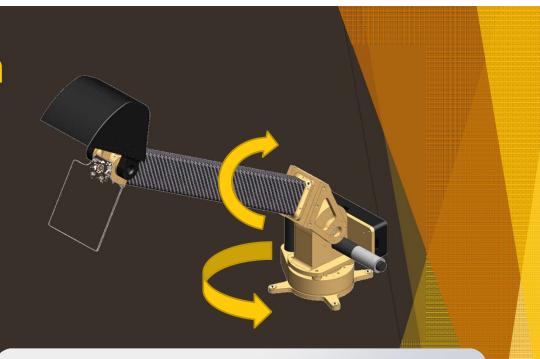
- Proven to increase heat dissipation
- Enclosed system eliminate sand infiltration
- Disadvantage: expensive, weight

Tsung 'Chris' Lun Yang

Initial Cooling System CAD Design

Extraction Arm Design

- Low degree of freedom (2 DOF)
 - Roll-Pitch motion
 - Advantages:
 - Simple control
 - Light weight
 - Disadvantages:
 - Small ground coverage
 - Require translational adjustment from the rover platform





2 DOF Extraction Arm Modules

Tsung 'Chris' Lun Yang

Extraction Arm Design

Multi-degree of freedom (3+ DOF)

- Roll-Pitch-Pitch motion
- Advantages:
 - ► Great ground coverage
 - Good extraction angle
- Disadvantages:
 - More complex control
 - Potentially heavier
 - Usually slower than low DOF arms



Multi-DOF Arm Modules

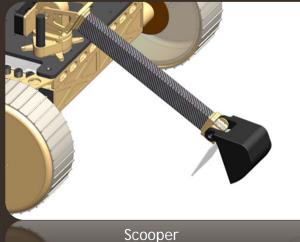
tial Arm Module CAD Design

Tsung 'Chris' Lun Yang

Extraction Gripper Design

- Pincher Gripper
 - Precise
 - Orientation sensitive
 - Complex control





Low precision

requirement

Simple mechanism

Large contact area

Scooper

Compliant Gripper

- Strong shape/orientation adaptation
- High power consumption



Universal Gripper

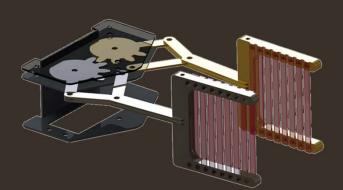
Extraction Gripper Design

Elastic Pincher

- Two pronged pincher design
- Elastic material end effector conforms to sample shape
- Balance between precision and traction



First Generation Prototype Tsung 'Chris' Lun Yang



Second Gen. Prototype CAD Model



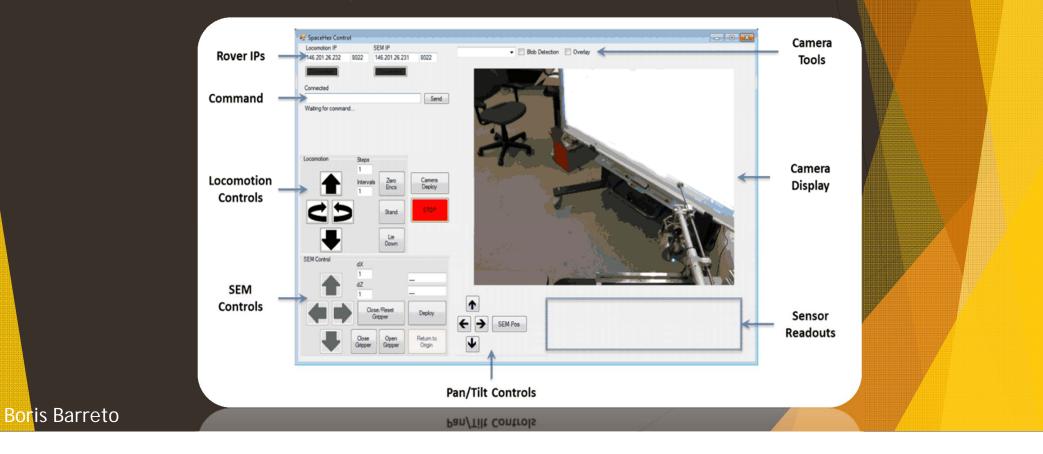
Second Generation Prototype

COMMUNICATIONS AND CONTROLS

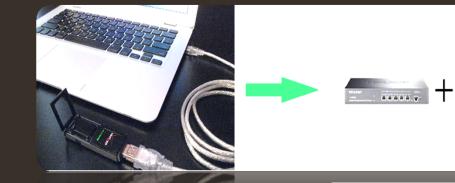
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GUI

- Lots of input information needed from user
 - ► Look to make more user friendly



Communication Layout



User Routers with

more Bandwidth

faster than 3G

as Backup for

redundancy Boris Barreto

Upgrade from 3G to 4G

Verzion 4G up to 8 times

Use AT&T's 4G Network



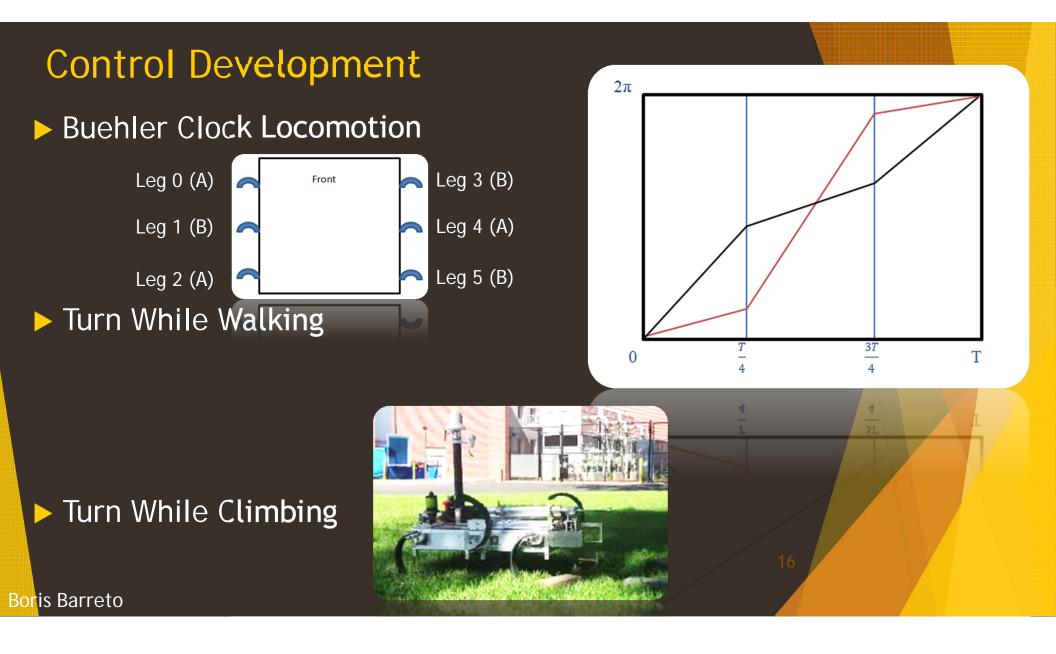
Left: Type G Router Right: Type N Router



Verizon 4G USB Stick



AT&T 4G USB Stick



Advanced Controls

"Lay-Down-Nudge" Function

Operation through Gaming Controller









Boris Barreto

THANK YOU

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