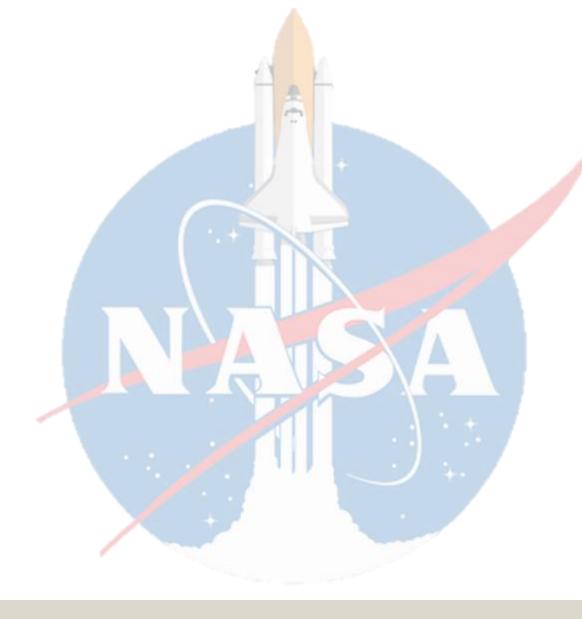
CryoMATI



Jean Ambrose | Gabrielle Mayans | King Paul | Aaron Wolfson

Cryogenic Mass And Tomography Indicator

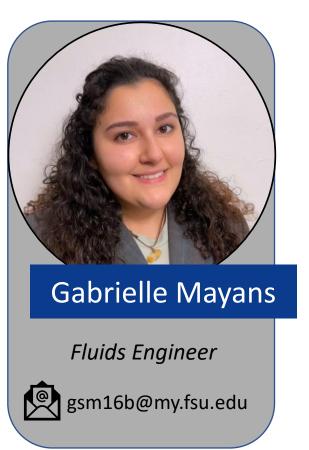
Jean Ambrose | Gabrielle Mayans | King Paul | Aaron Wolfson



Meet Team 514













Sponsor & Advisors





Sponsor
Marshal Space Flight Center



Juan Valenzuela
Technical Advisor
Marshal Space Flight Center



Dr. Kourosh ShoeleStaff Advisor
FAMU-FSU Engineering



Project Objective



Develop a device to accurately monitor and gauge cryogenic propellants situated in a microgravity environment.



Background



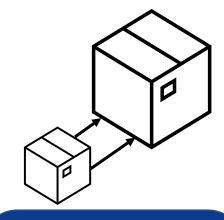
There are no reliable methods to accurately measure the amount of unsettled cryogenic fluid within a tank undergoing microgravity.

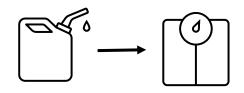
It is important to be able to accurately measure the amount of cryogenic fluid within the tank so that fuel intake can be optimized as well as sizing of tank.



Project Scope



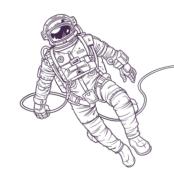




Design can be extrapolated to a larger scale

Gauges
the tomography
of cryogen in
microgravity

Gauges the mass of a cryogen in microgravity



Cryogenics

- Cryogenic propellants:
 - Liquid Hydrogen LH₂
 - Liquid Oxygen LO₂
 - Liquid Methane LCH₄
- These cryogenic propellants need to be held below -252.9°C to remain in a liquid state

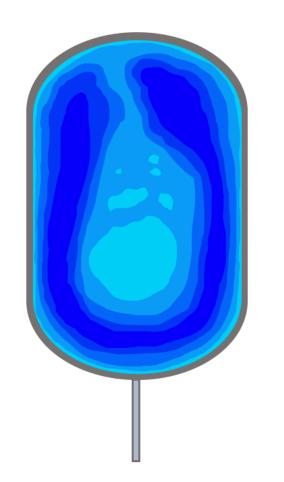


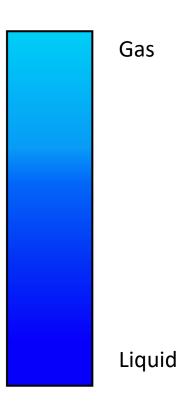


Tomography



- Determines the 3D shape of a fluid
- Determines what state the fluid is in as well
- Expressed in radial position axis, vertical position axis, and color communicates state of fluid



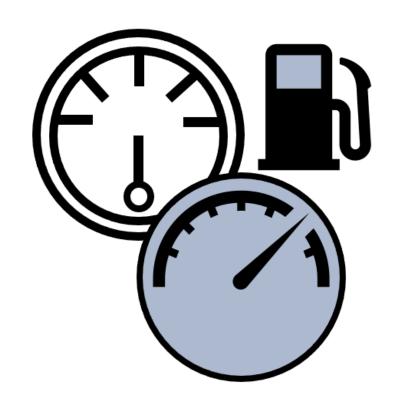




Mass Gauging



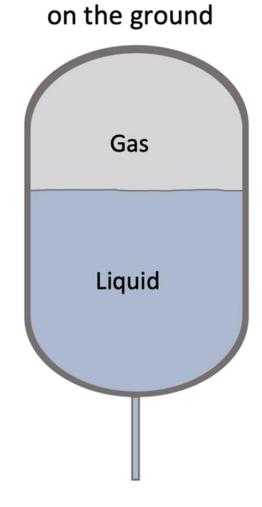
- Will be dependent on the tomography readings
- Uses tomography and density library to calculate the mass of the fluid



Challenges

NASA

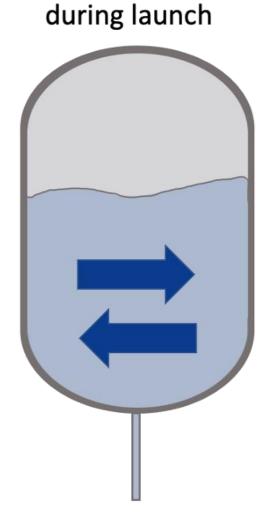
- Material selection
- Heat leak from tank walls
- Installation of device



Challenges

NASA

- Material selection
- Heat leak from tank walls
- Installation of device
- Vibrations and sloshing



Challenges

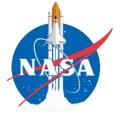
NASA

- Material selection
- Heat leak from tank walls
- Installation of device
- Vibrations and sloshing
- Liquid to gas phase

microgravity

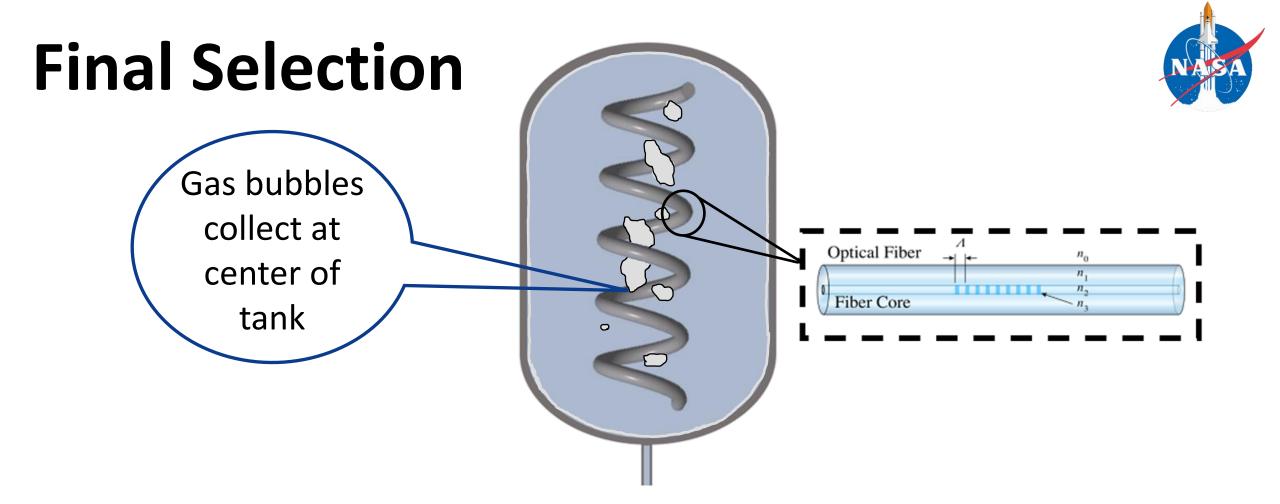


Final Selection





Helical Sweep Fiber Optic cable

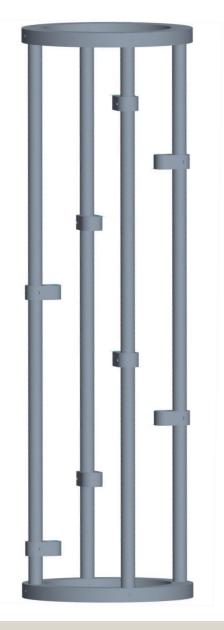


Helical Sweep Fiber Optic cable



Supporting Structure

- Structure will support a helical sweep shape of fiber optic cable, not a helical sweep itself.
- Prefabricated Garolite G-10/FR4 rods.
- Garolite G-10/FR4 machinable sheets



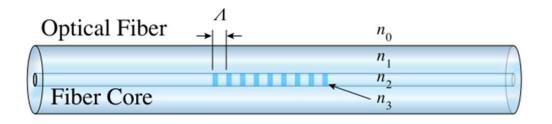


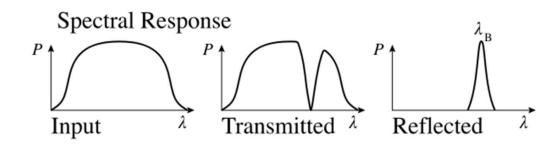


Fiber Optics



- The sensing system uses fiber optic Bragg sensors located along a single fiber optic cable
- These sensors discern between liquid and gas states along a continuous fiber



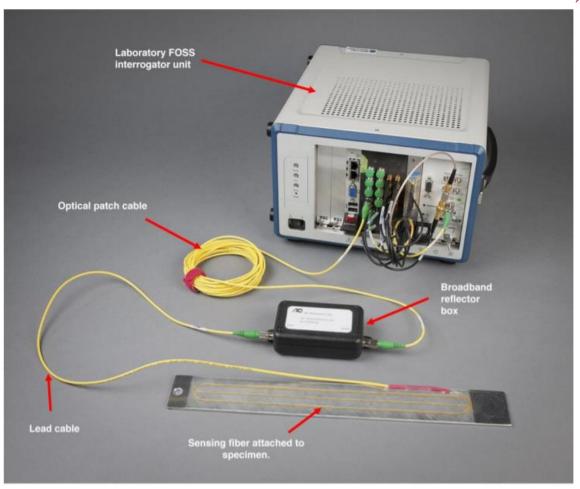


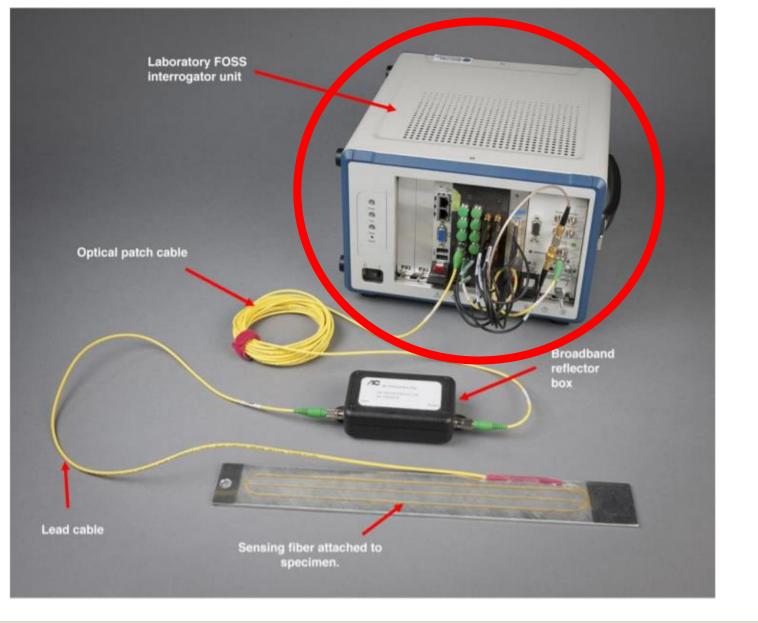


Fiber Optic Sensing System - FOSS

NASA

- The entire unit reads and measures the data
- NASA will be providing a loaner FOSS unit





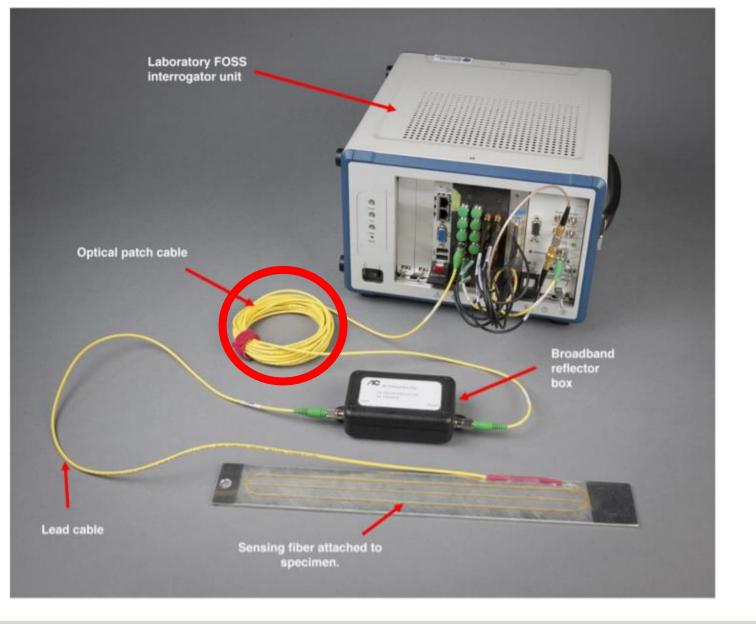


Interrogator unit:

- Ingests sensor readings
- Outputs

 the corresponding
 temperature readings
 at the respective
 sensors



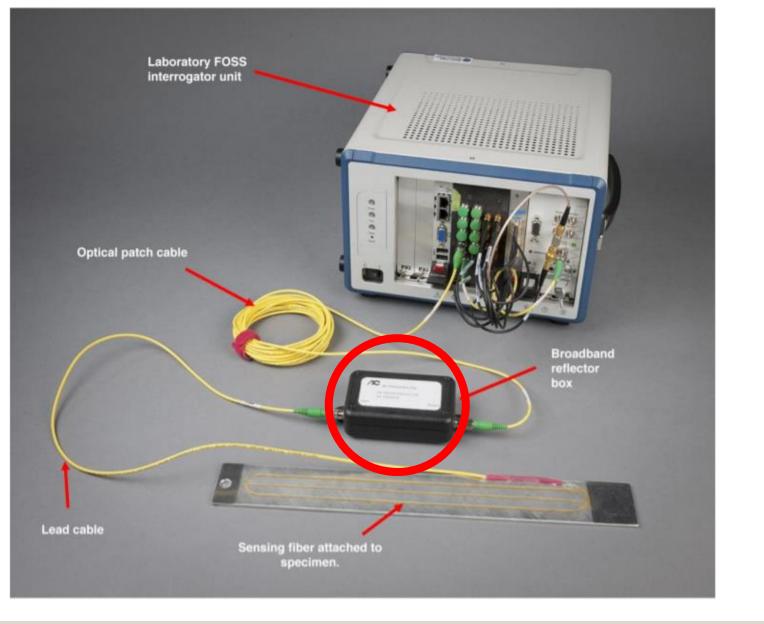




Optical patch cable:

Used to transmit the information to interrogator unit



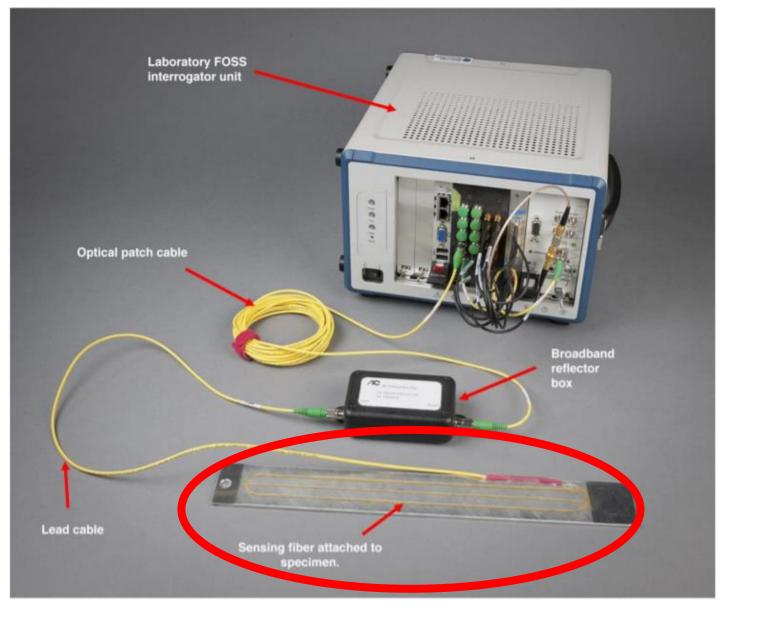




Broadband reflector box:

- Reflects a specific wavelength of light to the sensors
- Transmits all other wavelengths not in range







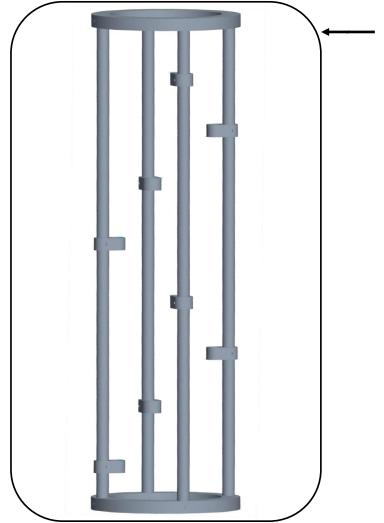
Sensing fibers:

Coated in a polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE) shrink sleeve



Assembly

- Pins hold rods and rings together
- Epoxy will be used to glue the pins in place
- A Vacuum Chamber is required to seal the epoxy for cryogenic use







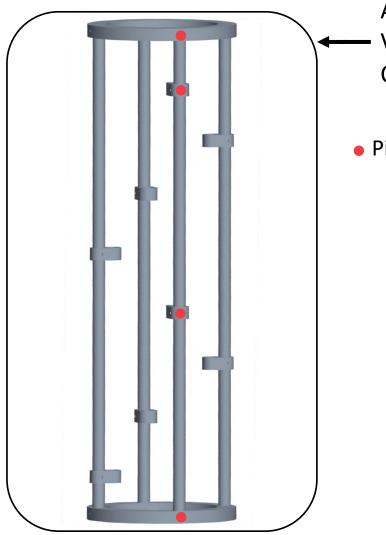
— Ероху





Assembly

- Pins hold rods and rings together
- Epoxy will be used to glue the pins in place
- A Vacuum Chamber is required to seal the epoxy for cryogenic use







Pin location





Testing Dewar

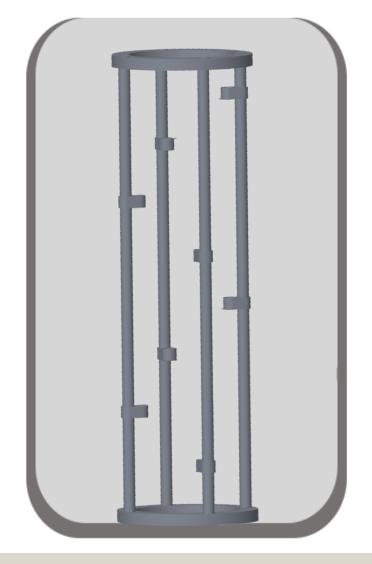






Testing Procedure

- 1. Precool device with a dry ice and salt bath
- 2. Move device to empty Dewar
- 3. Fill Dewar with Liquid Nitrogen
- 4. Take in readings until Liquid Nitrogen evaporates



Dewar

Data Collection And Validation



- Interrogator is a Micron
 Optics sm125 wavelength
 multiplex unit
- Runs on Enlight Software
- Outputs Bragg wavelength at each sensor



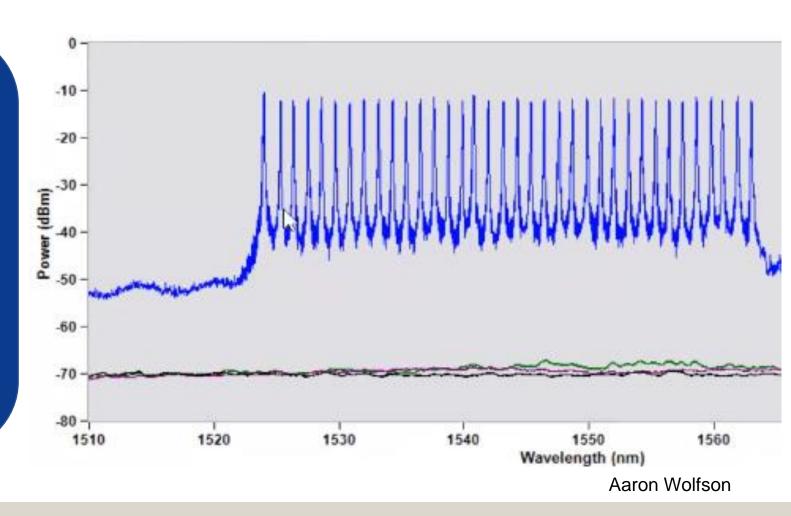
Aaron Wolfson



Data Collection



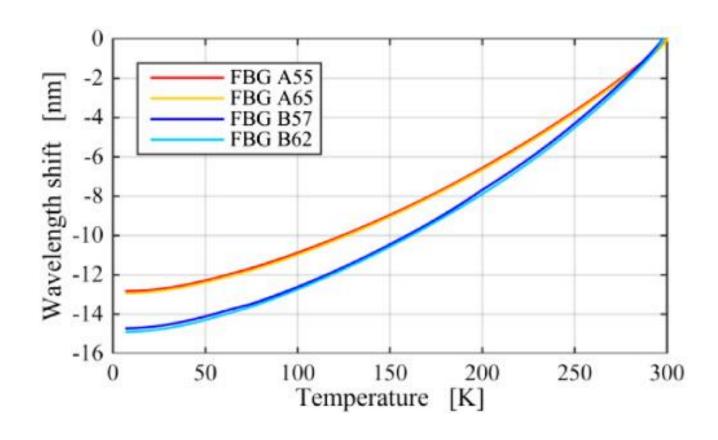
- Each spike in amplitude is a FBG sensor
- FOSS unit will have 32 sensors
- Sensor peaks will shift to the left in colder temperatures



Data Validation



- Data collected will be exported to Excel
- Graph made using NIST standards for liquid nitrogen properties
- Calculated temperatures will be validated using thermocouple readings

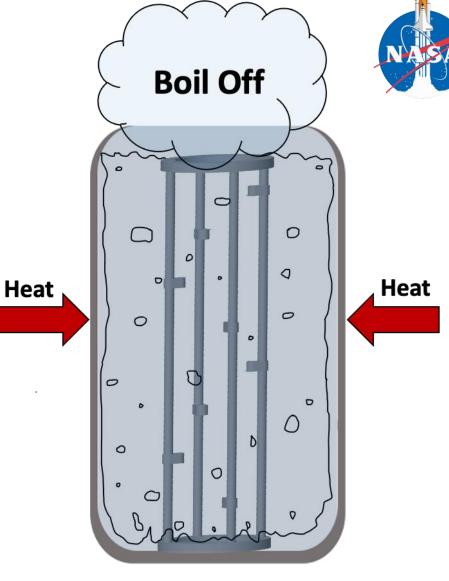


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Validation

- Readings from testing compared to calculated theoretical mass boil off rate
- Calculation dependent on the ambient temperature recorded at time of test
- Expected mass boil off rate will be compared to the interrogator unit results

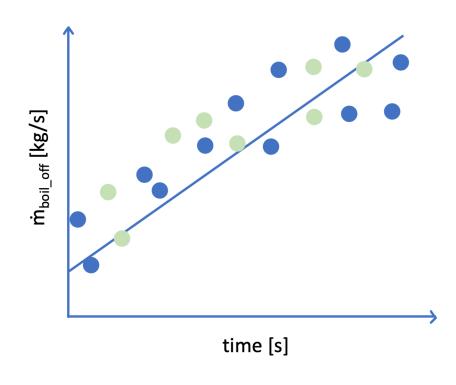




Validation Results



- Difference of theoretical boil off rate and boil off rate read by interrogator unit is level of inaccuracy of device
- Inaccuracy level is a result of processing power
- Goal is for level of inaccuracy to be below the thermocouple validation error





Interpreting Data



- Manipulate data from excel
- Density library to correlate from frequency readings
- Generate a 3-D plot encompassing inside of the tank



Lessons Learned

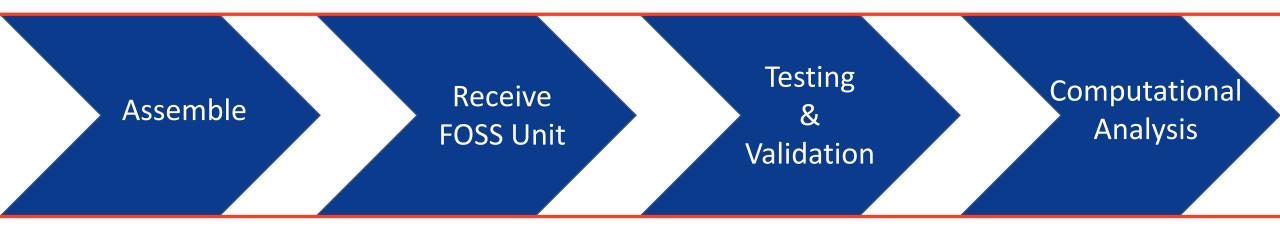


- Purchase extra materials in first order in case original pieces are compromised
- Method for testing and validation can be developed as soon as the FOSS unit is chosen
- Material selection is significant when developing a product



Future Work

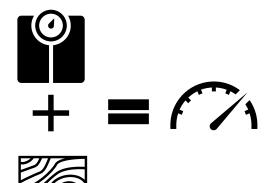


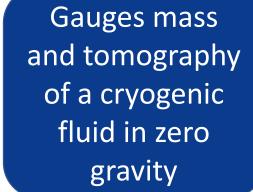




Customer Needs







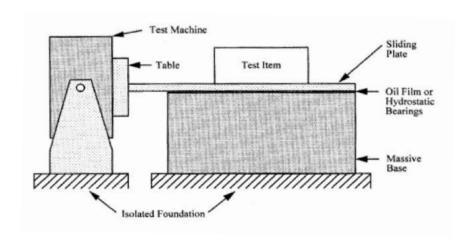


The device should be reusable

Durability



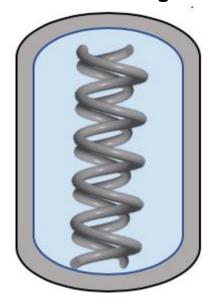


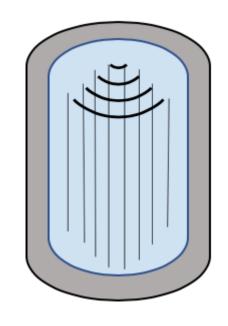


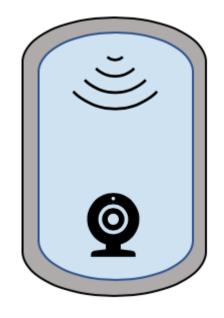
Vibration Test

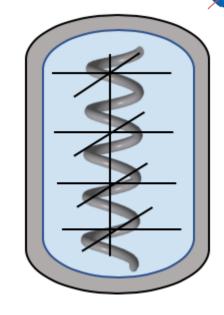


Concepts









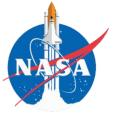
Multiple fiber optic cables layered, suspended in a helical sweep by structure

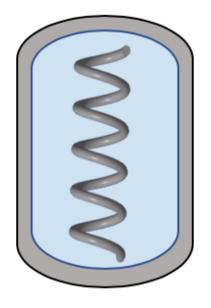
RMF transmitter on top of tank, combined with suspended, anchored fiber optic cables

RMF transmitter on top of tank, combined with camera Fiber optic cable suspended in a helical sweep combined with thermocouple probes

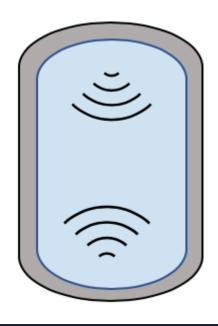
Aaron Wolfson

Concepts

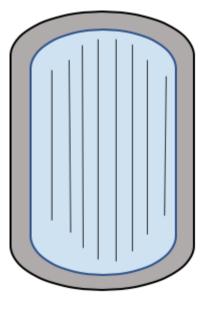




Fiber optic cable suspended in a helical sweep by structure



RMF transmitter on bottom and top of tank



Multiple suspended fiber optic cables anchored at both ends of tank

Aaron Wolfson



House of Quality



	Improvement Direction				
Sponsor Requirements	Importance Rating	Withstand Extreme Temperatures	Durability	Measures Mass in Zero Gravity	Measures Tomography
Cost Under \$5000	2	3	3	3	3
Reusable	3	3	9	0	0
Accurate Output Values	4	0	0	9	9
Displays Output Values	5	3	3	3	3
	Raw Score (135)	30	48	57	57
	Relative Weight %	22.2%	35.6%	42.2%	42.2%
	Rank Order	4	3	½ (tie)	½ (tie)

Table 1: House of Quality





Pugh Charts



Selection	Concept							
Criteria	#2	#8	#59	#62	#83	#1	#33	#78
	DATUM							
Cost		-	+	S	-	+	-	-
Withstand		+	+	S	+	S	S	-
Extreme								
Temperatures								
Measures Mass		S	S	-	S	S	S	S
in Zero Gravity								
Measures		S	-	-	S	-	-	S
Tomography								
Durable		+	+	S	-	S	S	-
# of Pluses		2	3	0	1	1	0	0
# of Minuses		1	1	2	2	1	2	3

Selection Criteria	Concept #2	Concept #8	Concept #59	Concept #62	Concept #83	Concept #1	Concept #33	Concept #78
		DATUM						
Cost	+		+	+	S	+	S	-
Withstand	-		S	-	S	-	S	-
Extreme								
Temperatures								
Measures Mass	S		-	S	S	S	S	S
in Zero Gravity								
Measures	S		-	+	S	S	S	+
Tomography								
Durable	-		S	-	S	-	S	-
# of Pluses	1		1	2	0	1	0	1
# of Minuses	1		2	2	0	2	0	3

Pugh Chart 1

Pugh Chart 2

Selection Criteria	Concept #2	Concept #8	Concept #59 DATUM	Concept #62	Concept #83	Concept #1	Concept #33	Concept #78
Cost	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Withstand	-	S		-	S	-	S	-
Extreme								
Temperatures								
Measures Mass	S	+		S	S	S	S	S
in Zero Gravity								
Measures	+	+		+	+	+	+	+
Tomography								
Durable	-	S		-	S	-	-	-
# of Pluses	1	2		1	1	1	1	1
# of Minuses	3	1		3	1	3	2	3





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	Sponsor Requirements	Cost under \$5000	Reusable	Accurate Output Values	Displays Output Values	Total	Average
	Cost under \$5000	1	3	9	7	20	5
	Reusable	0.333	1	5	5	11.333	2.833
	Accurate Output Values	0.111	0.2	1	3	4.311	1.078
	Displays Output Values	0.143	0.2	0.333	1	1.676	0.419
	Total	1.587	4.4	15.333	16		
	Average	0.39675	1.1	3.833	4		