

The Terra Nova Project

Critical Design Review

NASA USLI

FSU Panama City Senior Design Rocket Team:

Krieg Conrad, Case Dyer, Austin Zaal, Jonathan Serbest, Matthew Wilson



TERRA NOVA

ROCKET TEAM MEMBERS



**K R I E G
C O N R A D**

Team Lead

Oversees project schedule, subsystem integration, finances, hardware acquisition, deliverables, and overall rocket construction.



**J O N A T H A N
S E R B E S T**

Safety Officer

Develops and enforces safety procedures, ensures compliance with NASA/NAR/TRA codes, and oversees all hazardous material handling and construction safety.



**A U S T I N
Z A A L**

Recovery Officer

Designs, fabricates, and tests all recovery systems including parachutes, bulkheads, and avionics bay for both subscale and full-scale rockets.



ROCKET TEAM MEMBERS



CASE DYER

Payload System Officer

Leads design, fabrication, and testing of the HAUS payload system, including soil collection mechanisms, capsule integration, and airframe transitions.



**MATTHEW
WILSON**

Electronics Officer

Designs and integrates avionics and payload electrical systems, ensuring redundancy, data integrity, and EMI-free operation.



**JAYDEN
DUARTE**

Publications Officer

Manages outreach, social media, sponsor communication, and STEM engagement documentation for NASA deliverables.



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ACKNOWLEDGMENTS



Jim & Sandy Dafoe



Randy Hanna, EdD

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PANAMA CITY



Irvin Clark, EdD



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VEHICLE OVERVIEW

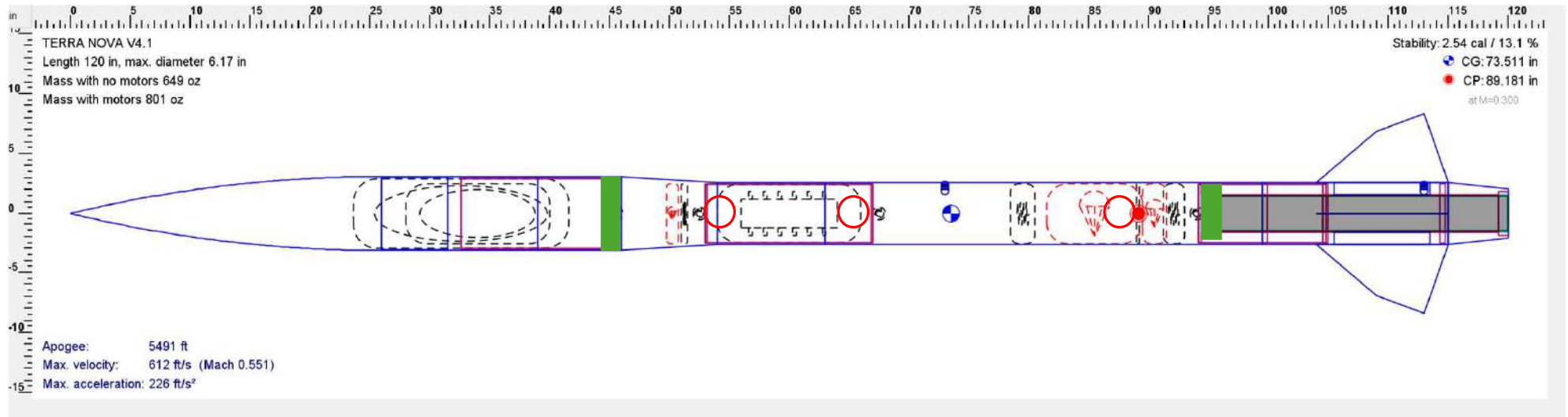


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VEHICLE DIMENSIONS

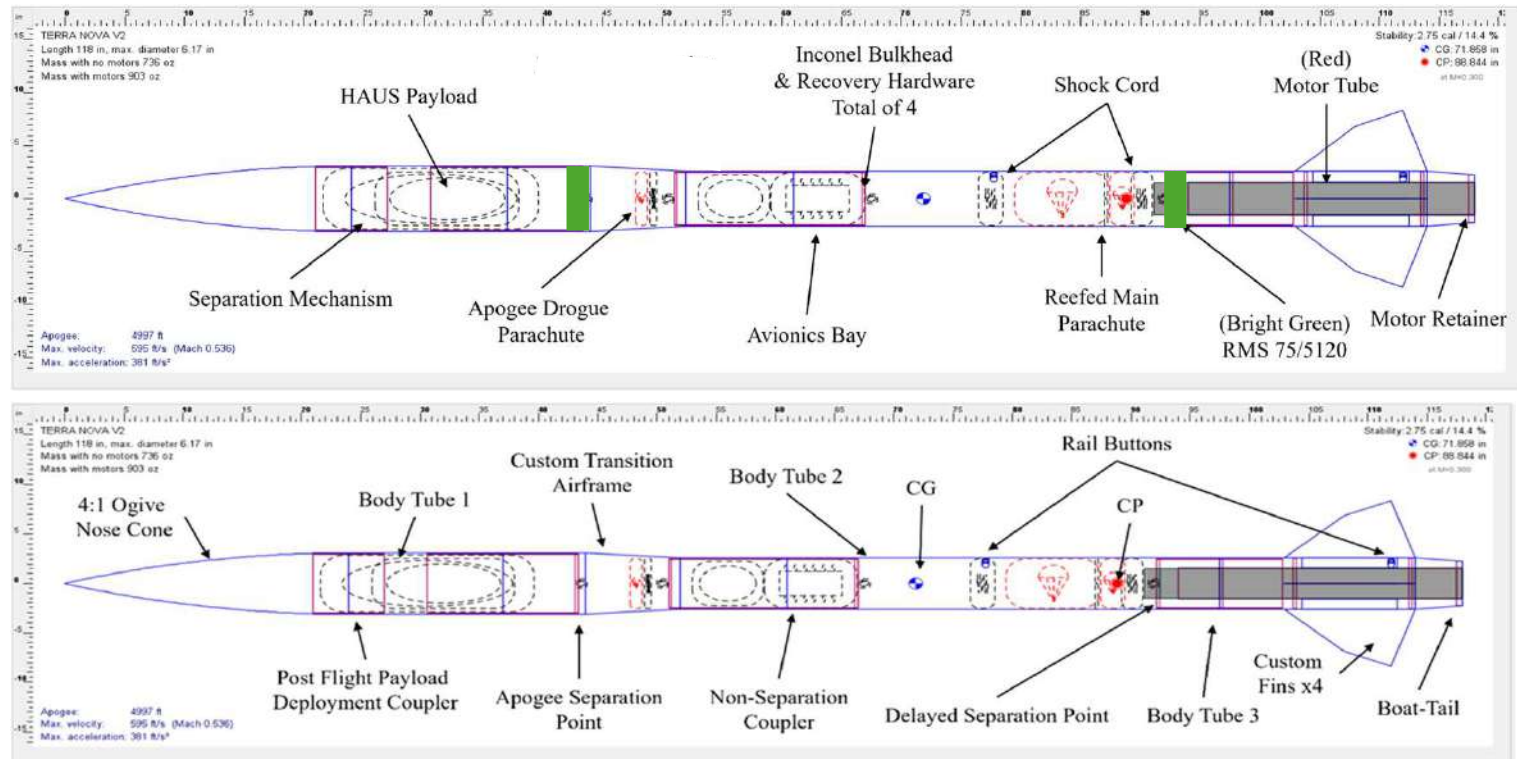


- = Energetic Location
- = Separation Location

Vehicle Dimensions			
Section	External Length	Weight	ID
HAUS	37"	239 oz	6"
Avionics	60.5"	267 oz	6"-5"
Propulsion	22.5	326 oz (w/motor)	5"
Total	120	833 oz = 52.1 lb.	6" and 5"



KEY DESIGN FEATURES





REQUIREMENTS



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TEST PLANS AND PROCEDURES

Category	Completed	In Progress	Planned
Launch Vehicle – Materials	LV-MAT-02	LV-MAT-01	—
Launch Vehicle – Recovery/Avionics	LV-DEP-03, LV-DEP-04, LV-DEP-05, LV-AV-01, LV- AV-02/03	—	LV-DEP-01/02
Launch Vehicle – Flight Test	LV-SFT-01, LV-SFT-02, LV-SFT-03	—	LV-FFT-01, LV-FFT-02
Payload – Interface/Separation	—	—	PL-INT-01/02/03
Payload – Electrical/Software	—	—	PL-ELEC-01/02/03 PL-SW-01/02/03
Payload – Mechanisms/Experiment	—	—	PL-MECH-01/02/03 PL-EXP-01–06



STATUS OF REQUIREMENTS VERIFICATION

Launch Vehicle Requirements

Req ID	Requirement (Handbook Derived)	Verification Method	Verification Plan (Section 6.1)	Status	Evidence
HV-LV-01	Launch vehicle is statically stable (≥ 2.0 caliber)	Analysis + Test	LV-SFT-xx, LV-SFV-01 LV-FFT-xx, LV-FFV-01	Partially Complete	Inspection
HV-LV-02	Vehicle survives ascent and recovery loads	Test + Inspection	LV-SFT-xx, LV-SFV-03 LV-FFT-xx, LV-FFV-03	Partially Complete	Inspection
HV-LV-03	Full-scale vehicle flown prior to FRR	Test	LV-FFT-01 / 02	Planned	Ghantt Chart
HV-LV-04	Vehicle mass and configuration match final design	Inspection	As-built inspection	Planned	Inspection



STATUS OF REQUIREMENTS VERIFICATION

Launch Vehicle Requirements

Team Req ID	Requirement	Verification Method	Verification Plan	Status
TDR-LV-01	Bulkheads maintain $SF \geq 5$ vs deployment loads	Analysis + Test	LV-MAT-01	In-Progress
TDR-LV-02	Av-bay separation is reliable and repeatable	Demo/Test	LV-DEP-01/02 + LV-SFT-02/03	In-Progress



STATUS OF REQUIREMENTS VERIFICATION

Recovery System Requirements

Req ID	Requirement (Handbook Derived)	Verification Method	Verification Plan (Section 6.1)	Status	Evidence
HV-REC-01	Dual-deploy recovery system implemented	Test	LV-DEP-01, 02, 03	Partial	Ground test
HV-REC-02	Drogue deploys at apogee	Test	LV-DEP-01, LV-SFT-xx	Partial	Telemetry
HV-REC-03	Main deploys at programmed altitude	Test	LV-DEP-02, LV-SFT-xx	Partial	Telemetry
HV-REC-04	Descent rates within safe limits	Analysis + Test	LV-SFV-05–07	Complete	Flight data
HV-REC-05	Recovery system causes no structural damage	Inspection	LV-SFV-03, 04	Complete	Inspection



STATUS OF REQUIREMENTS VERIFICATION

Recovery System Requirements

Team Req ID	Requirement	Verification Method	Verification Plan	Status
TDR-REC-01	Reefing cut occurs reliably under load	Test	LV-DEP-03	Complete
TDR-REC-02	Packing process is repeatable with clean separation	Demo/Test	LV-DEP-01/02 + LV-DEP-04/05	Partial
TDR-REC-03	Packing configuration prevents entanglement	Demo/Test	LV-SFT-02/03	Planned



STATUS OF REQUIREMENTS VERIFICATION

Payload Mission Requirements

Req ID	Requirement (Handbook Derived)	Verification Method	Verification Plan (Section 6.1)	Status	Evidence
HV-PAY-01	Payload remains retained during ascent	Inspection	PL-INT-01	Planned	Flight Test
HV-PAY-02	Payload deploys after landing	Demonstration	PL-INT-03	Planned	Flight Test
HV-PAY-03	Payload operates autonomously	Test	PL-SW-02	Planned	Flight Test
HV-PAY-04	Payload completes mission ≤ 15 minutes	Test	PL-EXP-05	Planned	Ground & Flight Test
HV-PAY-05	Payload collects ≥ 50 mL soil	Test	PL-EXP-01	Planned	Ground & Flight Test
HV-PAY-06	Payload measures and logs pH	Test	PL-EXP-02, PL-SW-01	Planned	Ground & Flight Test
HV-PAY-07	Payload data retained post-mission	Test	PL-SW-01	Planned	Ground & Flight Test



STATUS OF REQUIREMENTS VERIFICATION

Payload Mission Requirements

Req ID	Requirement	Verification Method	Verification Plan	Status
TDR-PAY-01	Payload boots successfully $\geq 3/3$ attempts in flight config	Test	PL-ELEC-01	Planned
TDR-PAY-02	End-to-end mission completes without operator input	Demo/Test	PL-EXP-06	Planned



STATUS OF REQUIREMENTS VERIFICATION

Safety Requirements

Req ID	Requirement (Handbook Derived)	Verification Method	Verification Plan	Status	Evidence
HV-SAFE-01	Vehicle complies with safety constraints	Analysis	Hazard analysis, FMEA	Complete	Safety docs
HV-SAFE-02	Energetics properly identified and labeled	Inspection	Vehicle drawings	Ongoing	Drawings
HV-SAFE-03	Recovery system minimizes landing energy	Analysis + Test	Descent analysis, flight data	Complete	Calculations





SUBSCALE PERFORMANCE



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SUBSCALE FLIGHT 1 PREDICTED PERFORMANCE

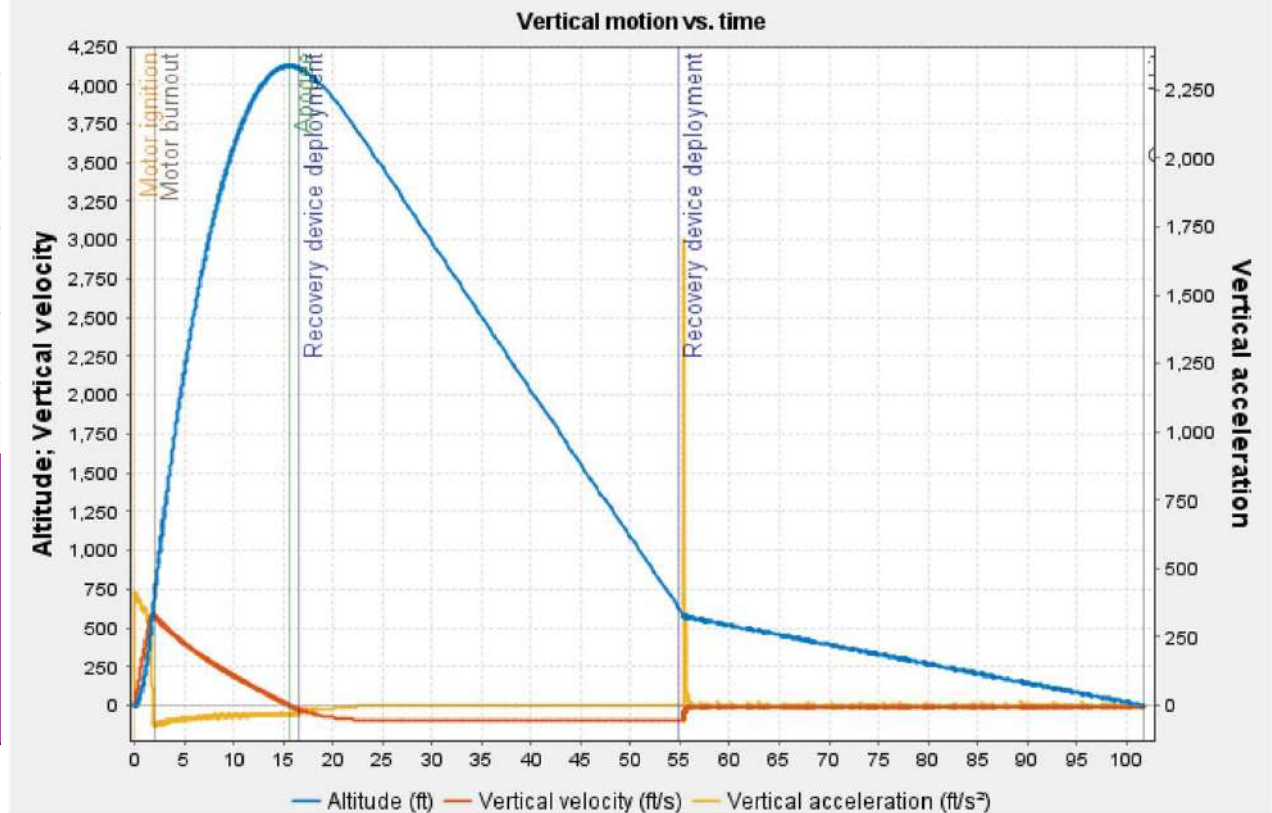
Predicted Performance

Apogee	Descent Time	MAX Impact Energy
4055 ft	86.4s	15.05 ft-lbs
Velocity off Rod	Landing Vel	Heaviest Section
93.8 ft/s	12.6 ft/s	6.1 lbs

Prediction Notes

- Reef system deemed unflyable prior to launch
 - Main Parachute significantly oversized
- Large expected main deployment force (578lbs)

Terra Parvis V1 Predicted Performance



SUBSCALE FLIGHT 1

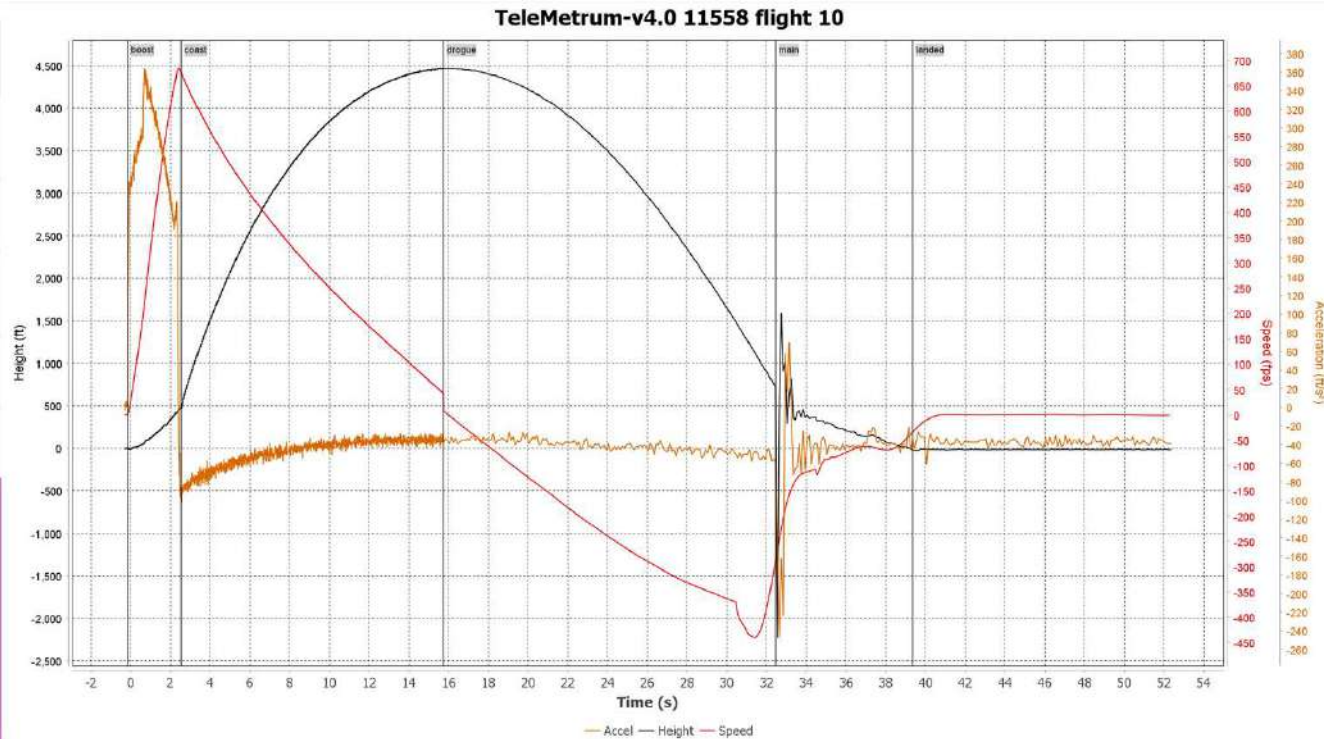
TERRA PARVIS V1

Key Data

Apogee	Descent Time	MAX Impact Energy
4468 ft	23.6 s	500 ft-lbs
Velocity off Rod	Landing Vel	Heaviest Section
~100 ft/s	70 ft/s	6.56 lbs

Flight Notes

- Reef system not deemed flyable
- Main parachute significantly oversized
- Bulkhead failure led to launch failure
- Extremely high impact energy - failure
- Cardboard airframe intact – PETG/Fiberglass transition failure
 - Fin failure upon landing



CHANGES MADE TO SUBSCALE

Bulkheads

- Initially 3D printed PETG
- Failed decisively
- Replaced with 1/4" plywood (Chris' Rocketry)



Airframe

- Initially cardboard tubing
- Transition 3D PETG + fiberglass coating
- Transition failed decisively
- Replaced entire airframe with fiberglass



Recovery

- Reefing system not flown in launch 1
- System design overhaul
- First V2 flight – standard dual separation recovery
- Second V2 flight – successful reefing demonstration



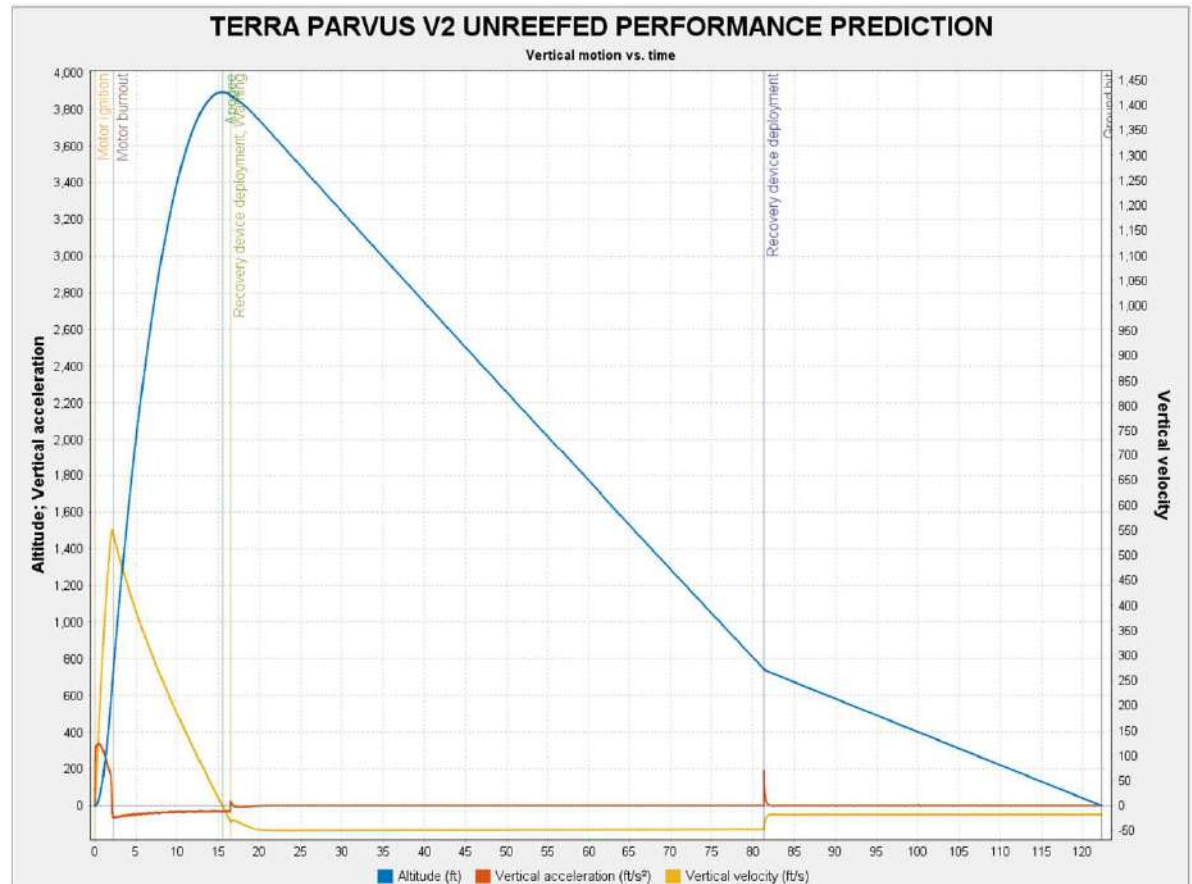
SUBSCALE FLIGHT 2 PREDICTED PERFORMANCE

Predicted Performance

Apogee	Descent Time	MAX Impact Energy
3893 ft	107 s	37.97 ft-lbs
Velocity off Rod	Landing Vel	Heaviest Section
83.6 ft/s	20.5 ft/s	5.82 lbs

Flight Notes

- Standard dual deployment recovery
 - Wind speed: 12 ft/s



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SUBSCALE FLIGHT 2

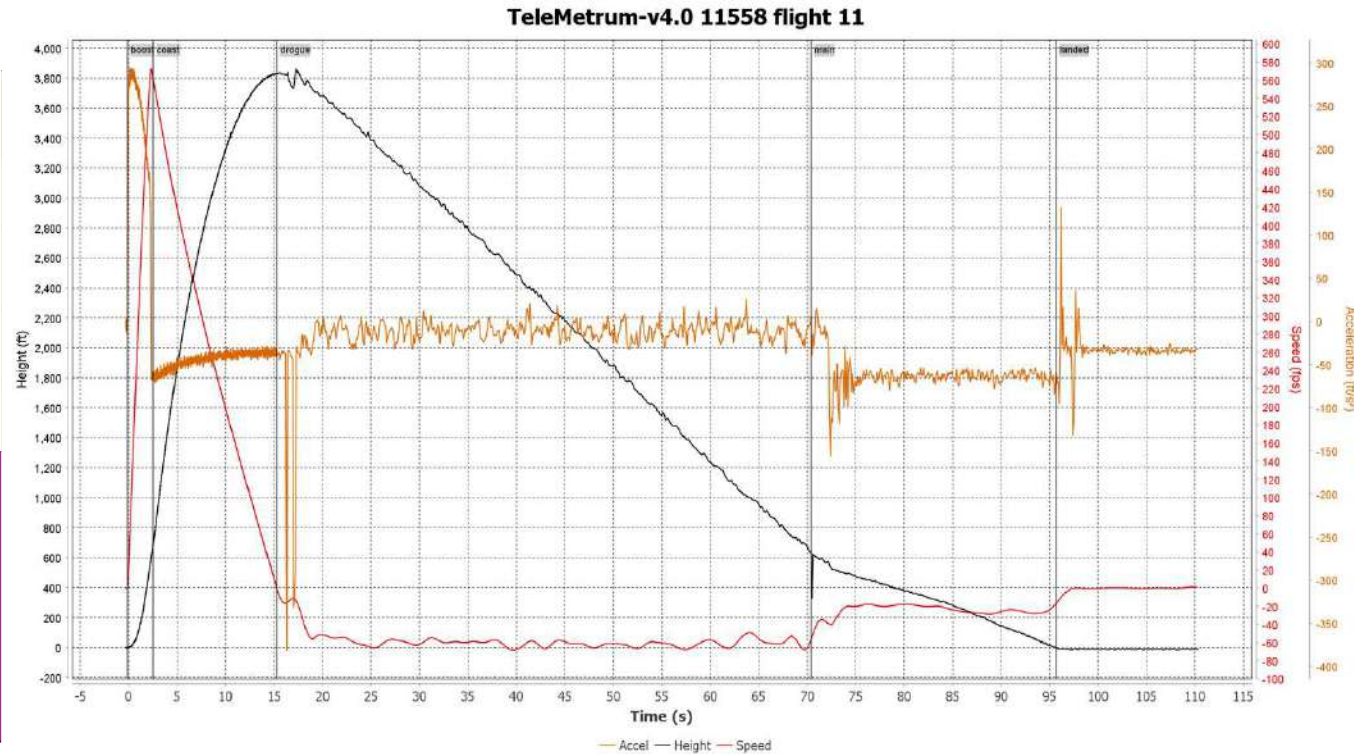
TERRA PARVIS V2

Key Data

Apogee	Descent Time	MAX Impact Energy
3863 ft	80.4s	56.54 ft-lbs
Velocity off Rod	Landing Vel	Heaviest Section
~80 ft/s	25 ft/s	5.82 lbs

Flight Notes

- Standard dual deployment recovery
 - Wind speed: 12 ft/s
- Actual Apogee 30 ft above prediction
- Landing speed 4.5 ft/s above prediction
- Launched without reef to guarantee successful launch



SUBSCALE FLIGHT 3 PREDICTED PERFORMANCE

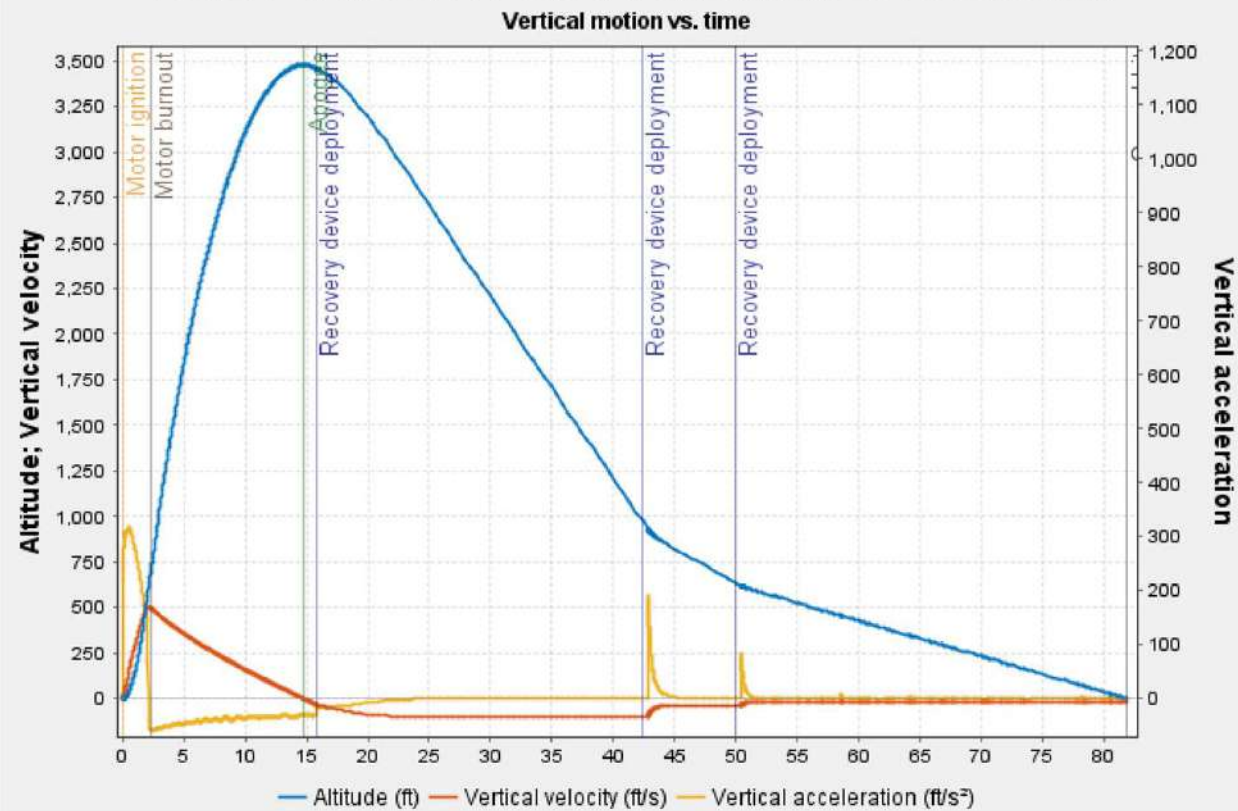
Predicted Performance

Apogee	Descent Time	MAX Impact Energy
3477 ft	67.1 s	35.11 ft-lbs
Velocity off Rod	Landing Vel	Heaviest Section
81.3 ft/s	19.7 ft/s	5.82 lbs

Flight Notes

- Reef System Included
- Wind speed 12 ft/s

Terra Parvis V2 Reefed Performance Prediction



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SUBSCALE FLIGHT 3

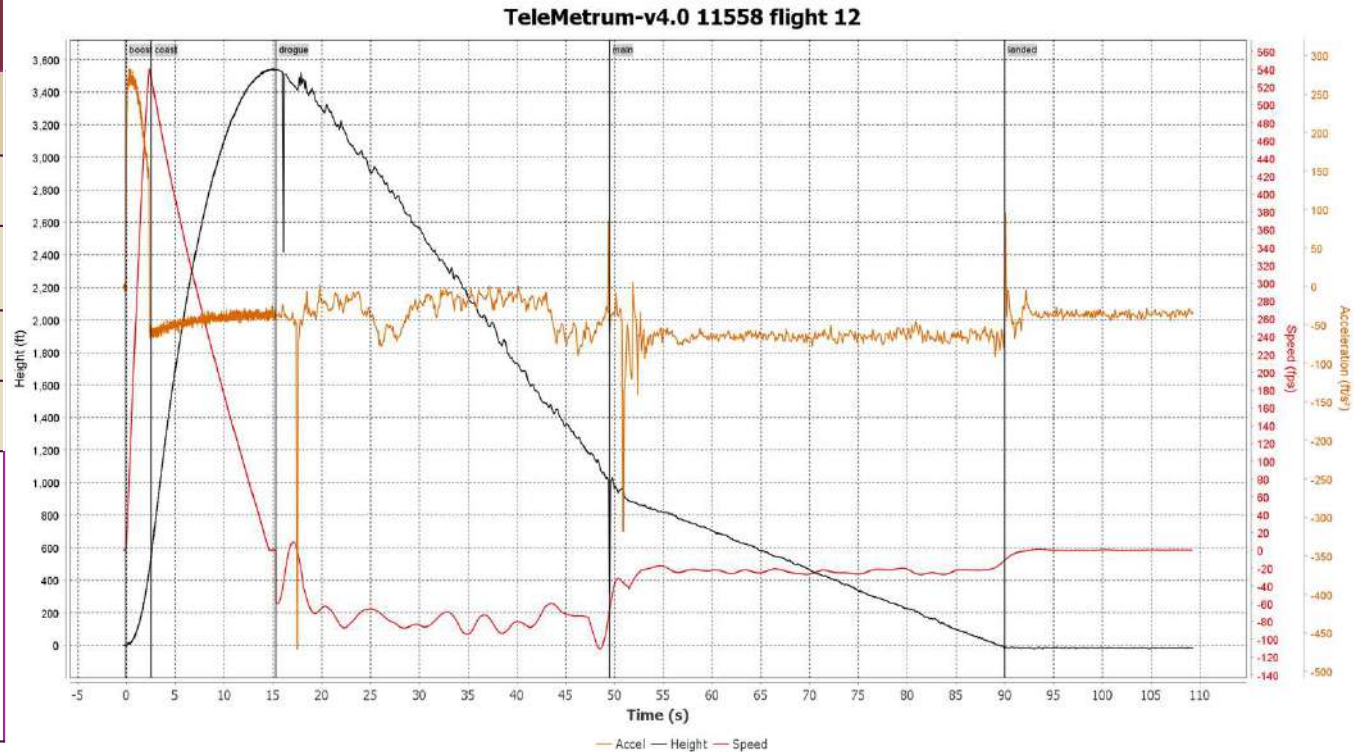
TERRA PARVIS V2

Key Data

Apogee	Descent Time	MAX Impact Energy
3510 ft	74.7s	56.54 ft-lbs
Velocity off Rod	Landing Vel	Heaviest Section
~80 ft/s	25 ft/s	5.82 lbs

Flight Notes

- Wind speed: 12.7 ft/s
- Actual Apogee 33 ft above prediction
- Landing speed 5.3 ft/s above prediction
- Premature reef event due to separation pressurization



RECOVERY IMPLICATIONS

Parachute Sizing

- Comparing sim data to results shows potential underestimation of descent rates

Reefing System

- Reefing system proven to be usable in flight
- Premature cutting needs to be addressed
- Parachutes proven able to handle high loads

Deployment

- CO2 separation proven viable

New Reefing Initiation

- Inspired by subscale data
- Pressurization by CO2 release was read by Reefing electronics
- Effect: computer reads altitude significantly lower than actual value
- Considering using a timer rather than altimeter
- Computer detects separation, then begins a 4 second countdown





PAYLOAD

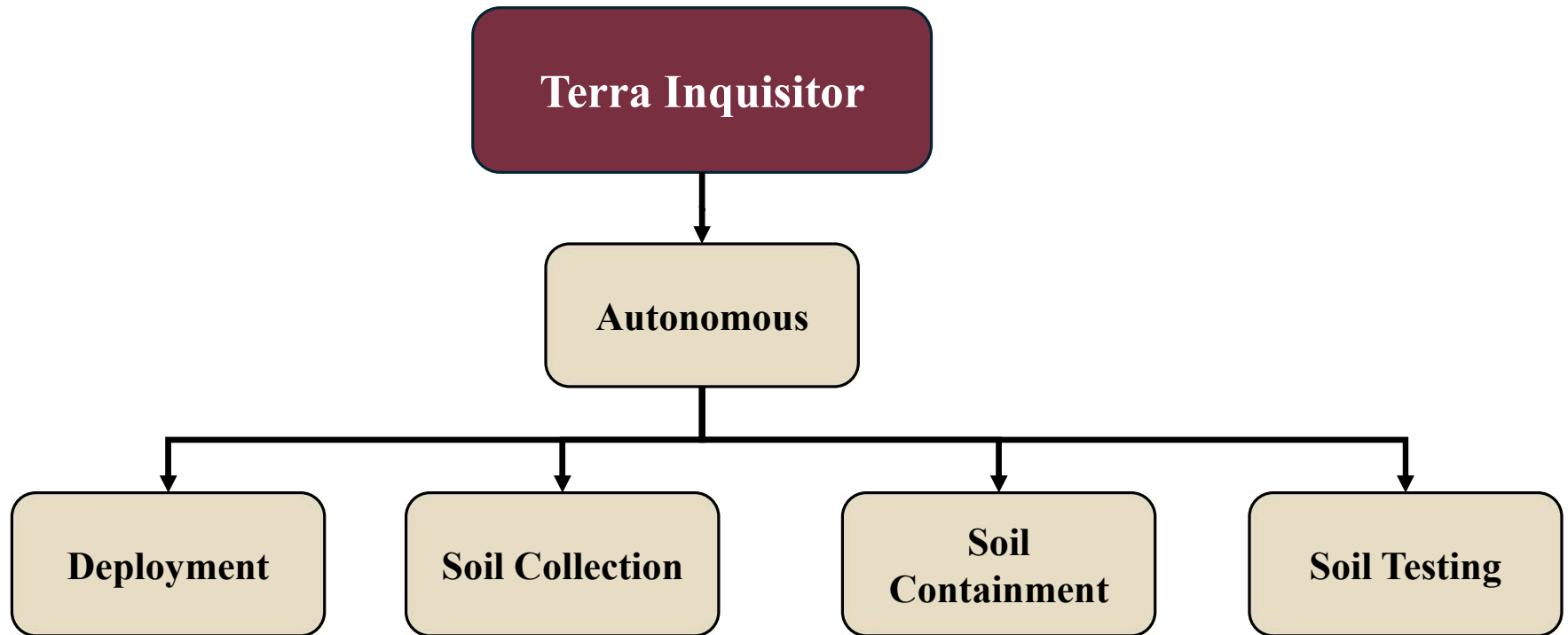


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PAYLOAD FUNCTIONAL DECOMPOSITION

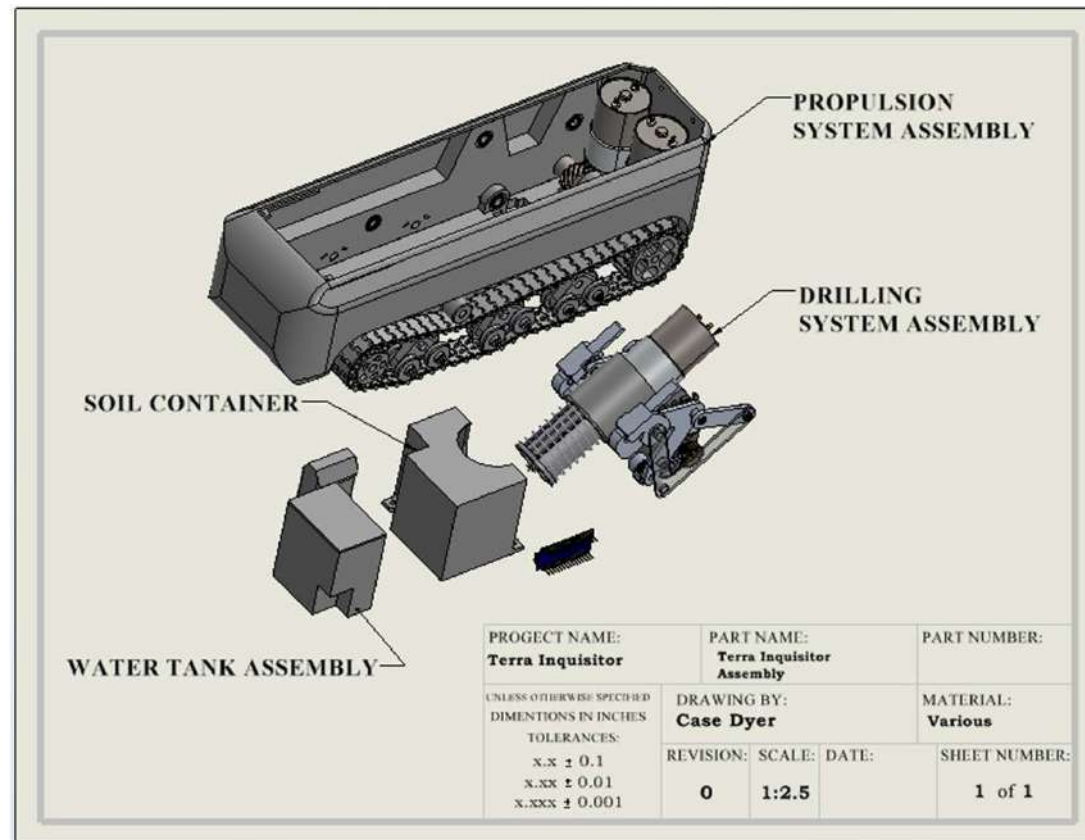


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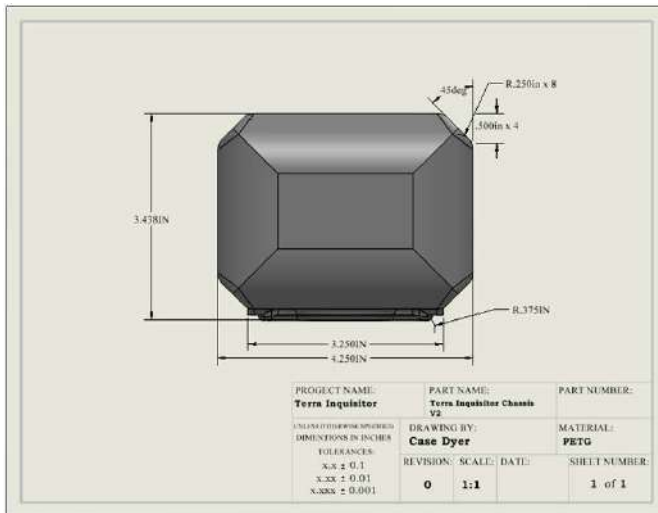
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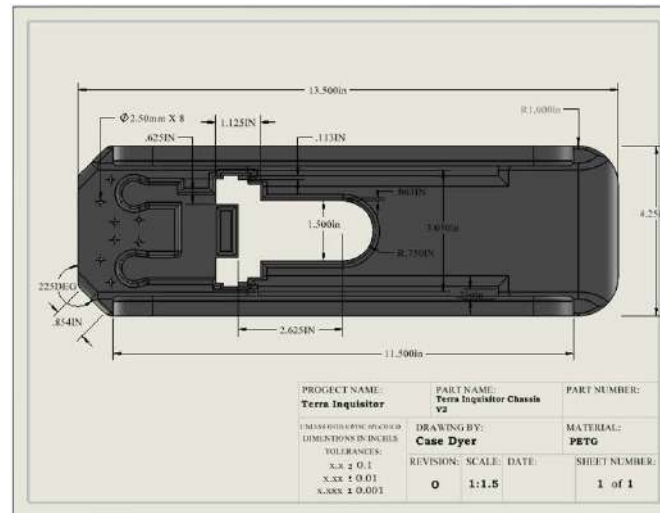
PAYLOAD SYSTEMS AND OVER ALL OPERATION



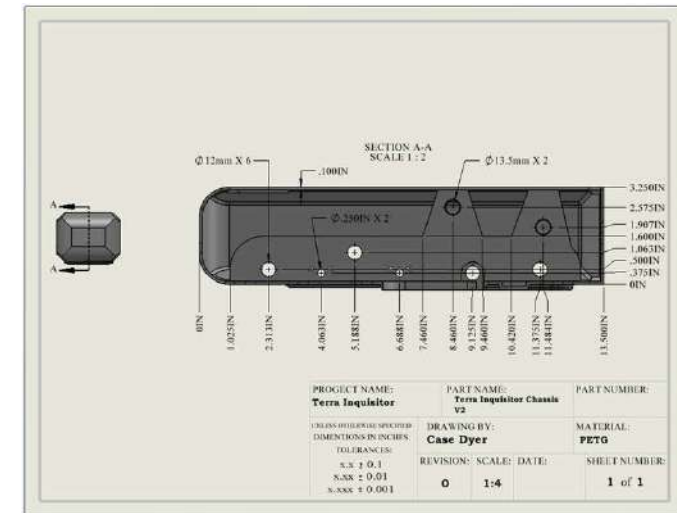
CHASSIS DIMENSIONS



Terra Inquisitor Front View



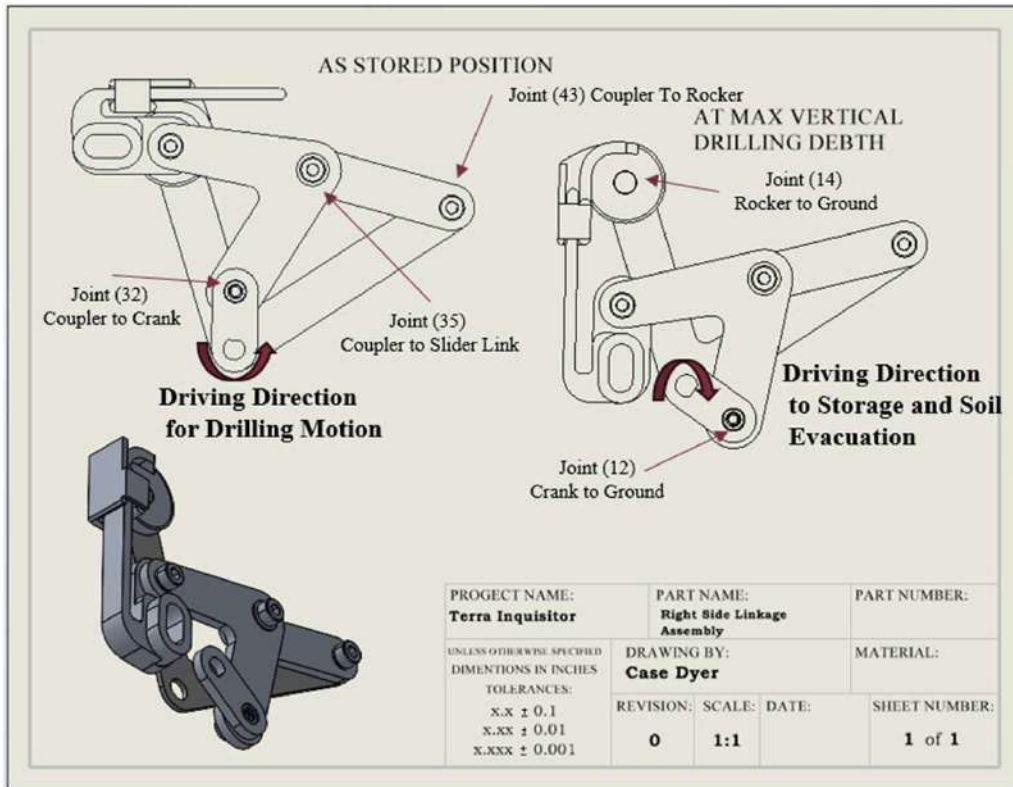
Terra Inquisitor Front Cross-Sectional View



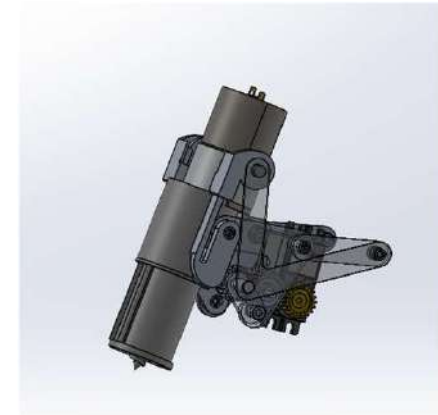
Terra Inquisitor Side Cross-Sectional View



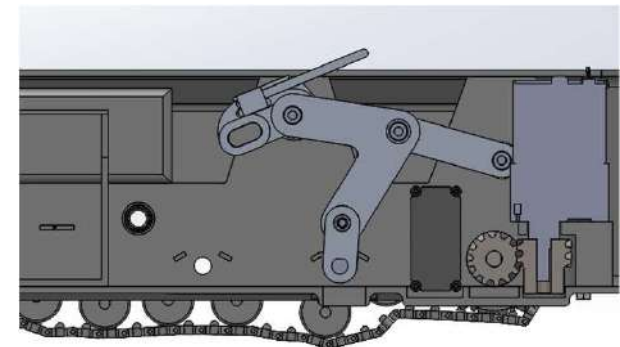
LINKAGE ASSEMBLY



Right Side Drill Linkage Assembly



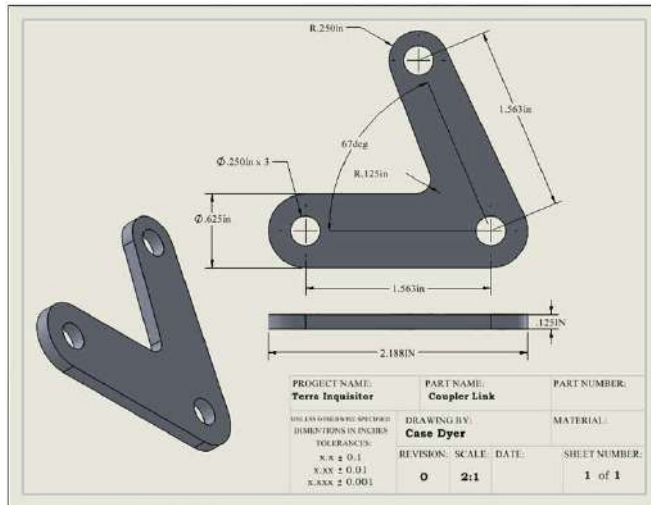
Terra Inquisitor Drill Assembly



Terra Inquisitor Drill Linkage Inside Payload

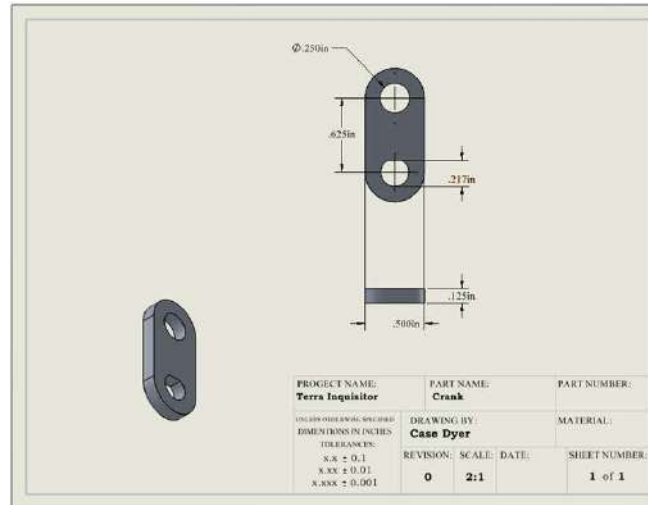


LINKAGE DIMENSIONS



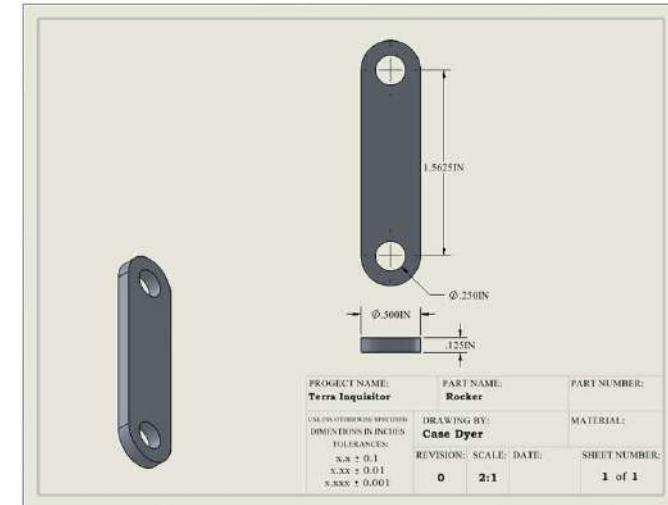
Coupler Drawing

Gamma Angle of 67°



Crank Drawing

Primary Link Length = .625"

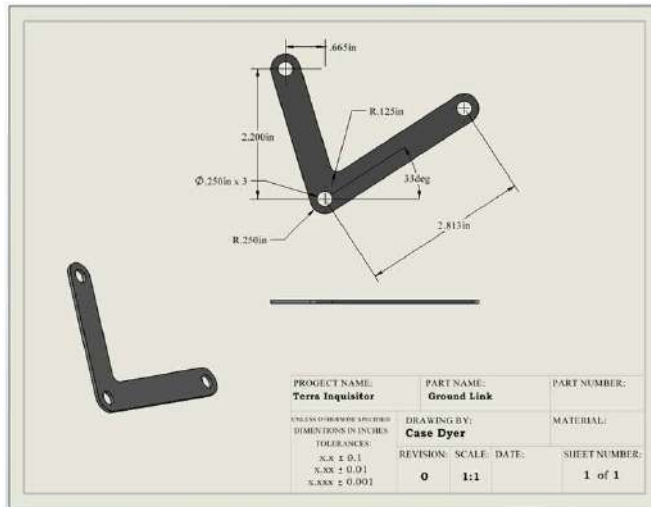


Rocker Drawing

Primary Link Length = 1.5625"

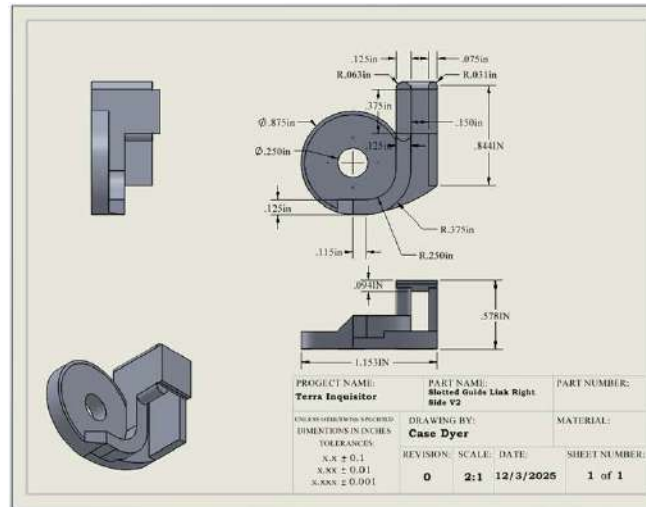


LINKAGE DIMENSIONS

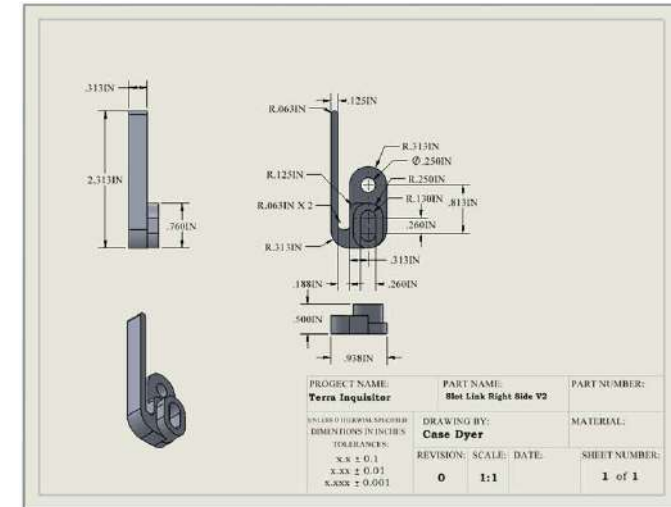


Ground Representation

Rotate Axis of 33°



Slot Guide Drawing

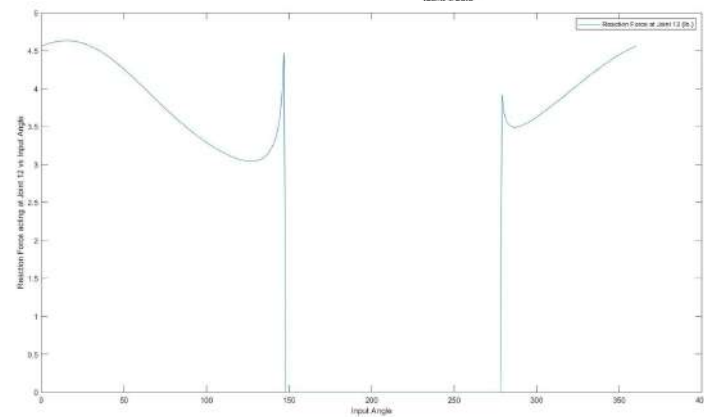
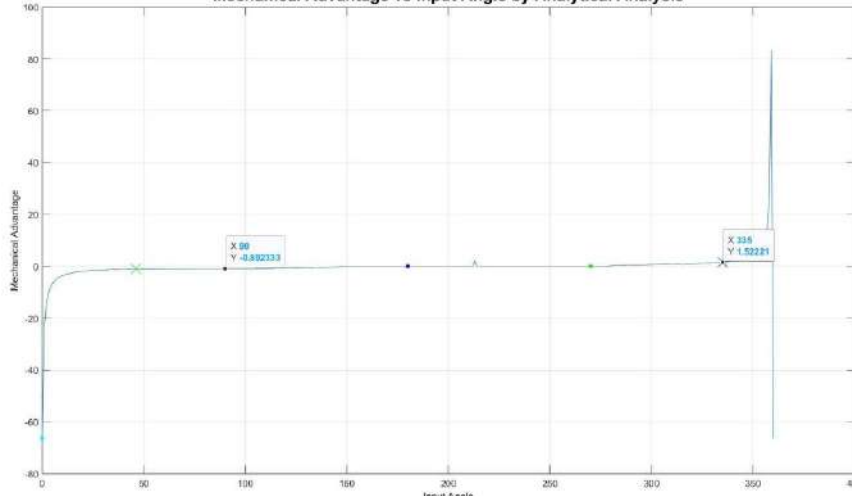


Slider Link Drawing

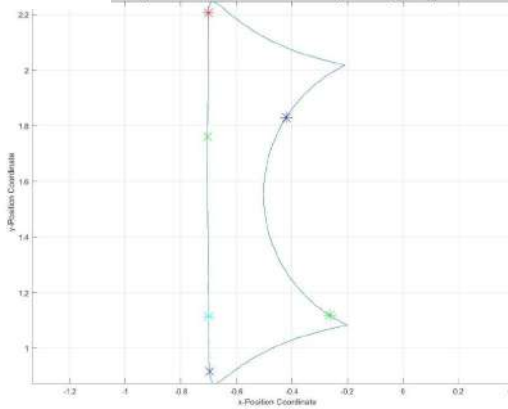


LINKAGE PERFORMANCE

Mechanical Advantage vs Input Angle by Analytical Analysis



Coupler Curve for Desired Point P (with Imaginary)



Vertical Distance

- 1.3"

Mechanical Advantage

- **Peak: 66**
- **Average During Drilling Range: 4.4**
- **Minimum During Drilling Range: 1.5**

Max Linkage Force

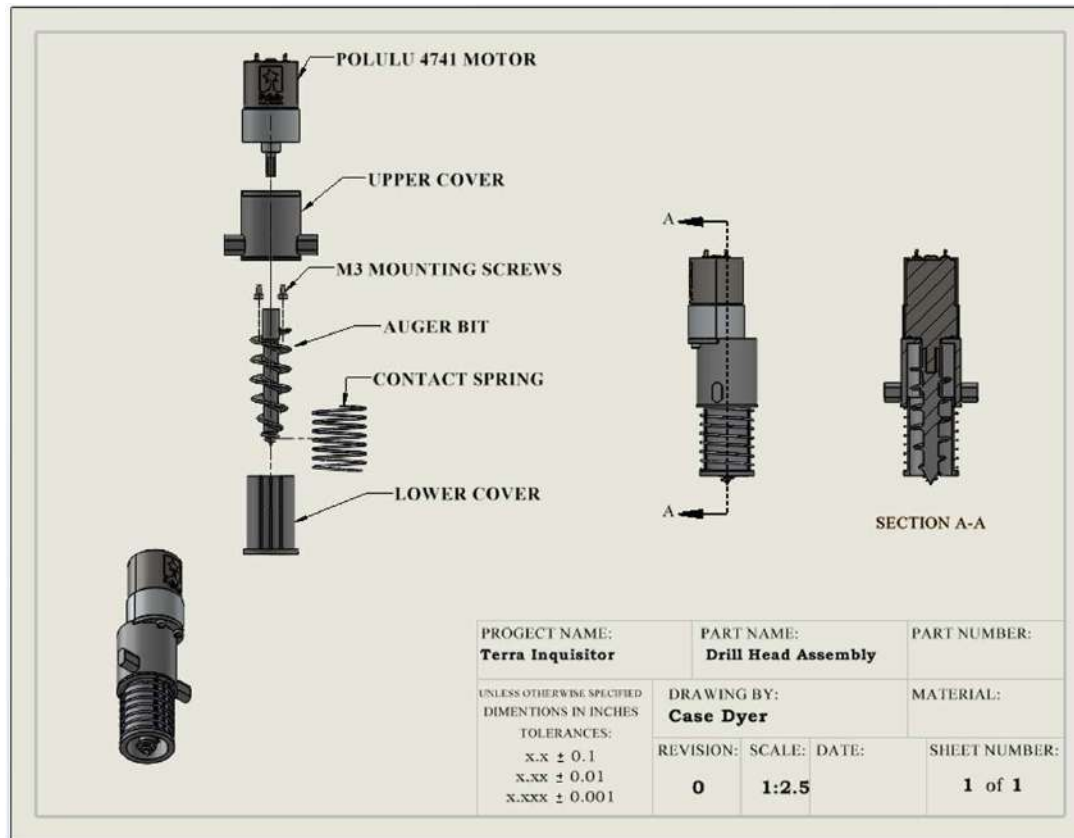
- 5.24 lb.
- $\tau = 676 \text{ psi}$ for a 6mm ϕ shaft
- Using 304 Stainless Steel SF = 25

Assuming:

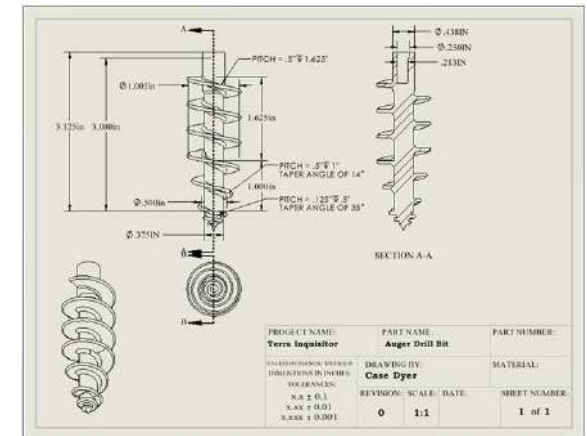
- Input Angular Velocity: $\frac{1}{2} \text{ rad/s} = 29^\circ/\text{s}$
- Initial Angular Acceleration: $\frac{1}{2} \text{ rad/s}^2$
- Required force to drill: 6 lb.



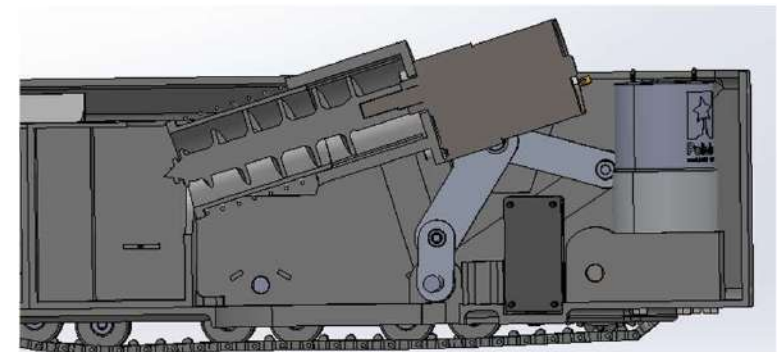
DRILL ASSEMBLY



Right Side Drill Linkage Assembly



Terra Inquisitor Auger



Terra Inquisitor Assembly Inside Payload



VERTICAL FORCE REQUIRED FOR SAMPLE COLLECTION

$$C = 100 \text{ psf}$$

$$\phi = 35^\circ$$

$$\sigma_f = 4000 \text{ psf}$$

$$\sigma_f = C + \tan(\phi) * \sigma_n$$

$$\sigma_n = \frac{\sigma_f - C}{\tan(\phi)}$$

$$\sigma_n = \frac{4000 \text{ psf} - 100 \text{ psf}}{\tan(45^\circ)}$$

$$\sigma_n = 3900 \text{ psf}$$

$$\sigma_n = \frac{F}{A}$$

$$F = 3900 \text{ psf} * \left(\frac{1}{2} * \left(\frac{(0.5 \text{ in})^2}{144 \text{ in}^2} \right) \right) \text{ ft}^2$$

$$F = 3.38 \text{ lbs Required}$$

Assumption: Largest cross-sectional area of drill used, worst case scenario according to case studies giving shear strength, cohesion, and angle of internal friction (1).



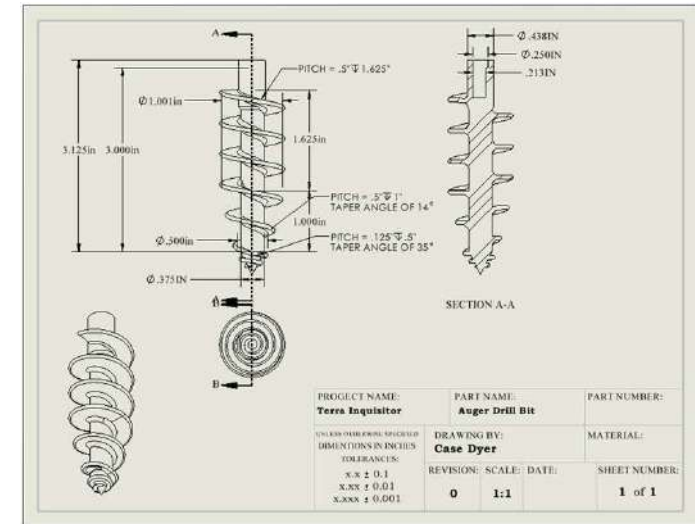
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TORQUE REQUIRED FOR SAMPLE COLLECTION

- M_{req} - Rotation moment required to shear the soil
 M_{rot} - Rotational moment of drill bit
 m_s - Mass of soil inside drill bore
 R_{max} - Maximum radius of the flange
 g - Gravity
 α - Pitch angle of auger blade
 ω - Rotational velocity of auger bit
 K_i - Soil-against-soil friction ratios
 $\tan(\varphi_{ag})$ - Friction coefficient soil-against-steel
 $\tan(\varphi_s)$ - Friction coefficient soil-against-soil



Terra Inquisitor Auger Drill Head

$$M_{req} = M_{rot}$$

$$M_{rot} = \tan(\varphi_{ag}) m_s * [g \cos(\alpha) + \tan(\varphi_s) R_{max} \omega^2 \sin(\alpha)] * K_i \cos(\alpha) R_{max}$$

$$M_{rot} = \tan(45^\circ) 0.0147kg * [9.81 \cos(9.03^\circ) + \tan(45^\circ) * 0.014m * (0.796 \frac{rad}{sec})^2 * \sin(9.03^\circ)] * 1 * \cos(9.03^\circ) * 0.014m$$

$$M_{rot} = 0.00155 Nm$$

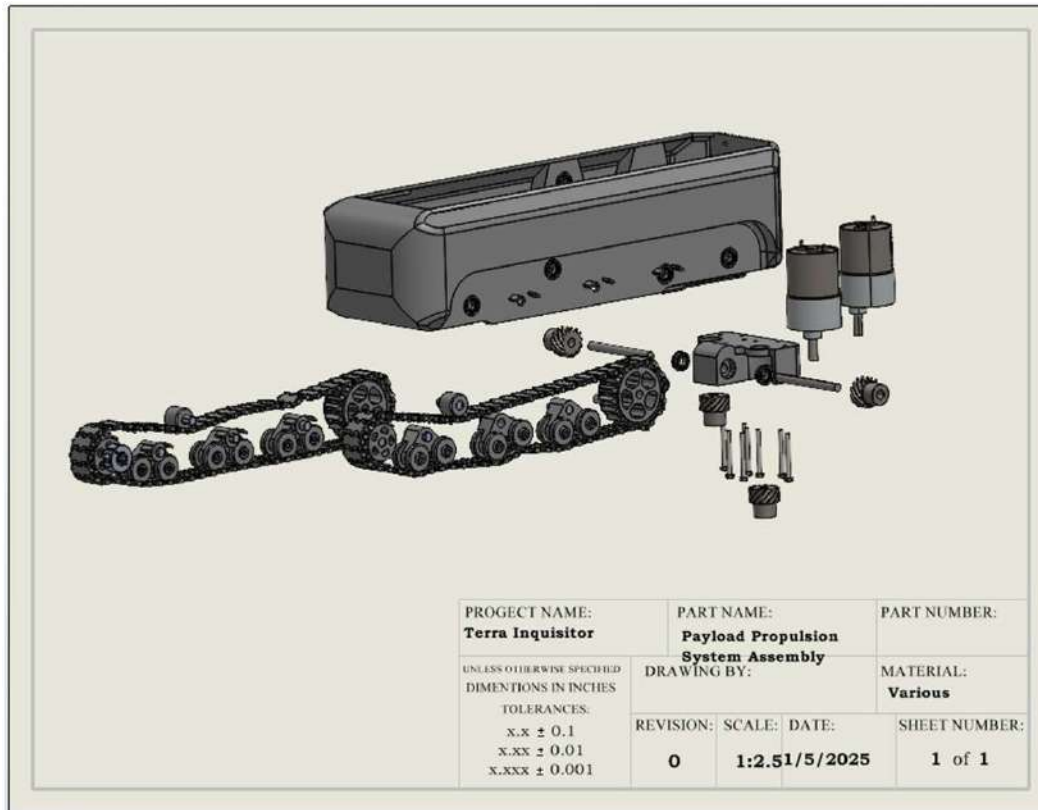


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PROPULSION SYSTEM



Payload Propulsion System Assembly

Payload Components List		
Item Number	Component Name	Quantity
1	Terra Inquisitor Chassis	1
2	Rear Sprocket	2
3	Front Sprocket	2
4	Idler Wheel	24
5	Wheel Rotator	6
6	Wheel Rotator Pin	12
7	Pololu 4741 Motor	2
8	3598N291	4
9	Lipo S3 Battery	1
10	Idler Wheel Assembly Guide	12
11	Track Chain	110
12	Track Pin	110
13	6mm ID Flanged Ball Bearing	14
14	6mm D-Shaft (Stainless Steel, 60mm Length)	2
15	2910-0919-0006.STEP	2
16	2800-0004-0010 90128A207.STEP	2
17	6mm D-Shaft (Stainless Steel, 30mm Length)	2
18	Rear Motor Mount	1
19	B18.6.7M - M3 x 0.5 x 30 Indented HHMS -30N	8
20	Tensioner Wheel	2
21	4mm ID Non-Flanged Ball Bearing (10mm OD, 4mm Thickness)	24

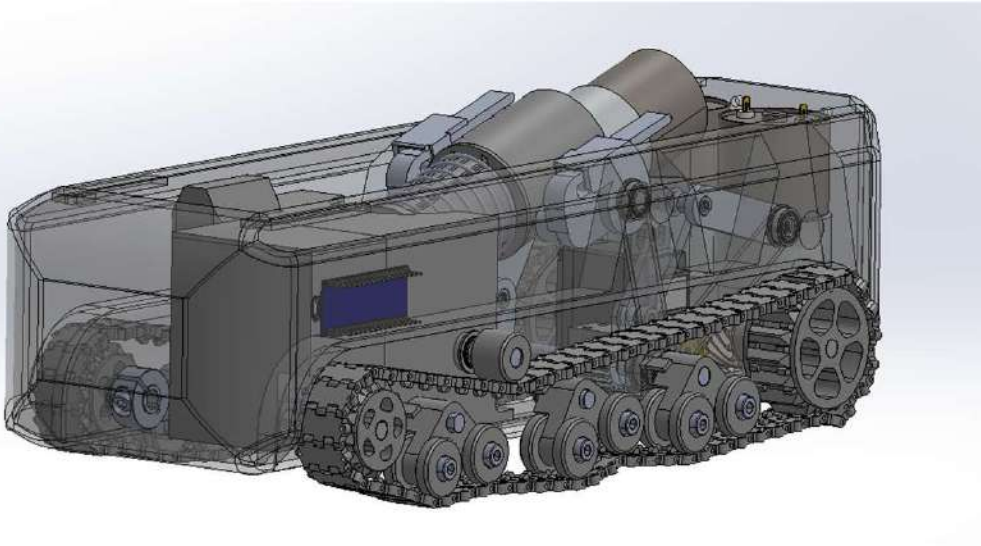
Payload Component List

Motor Selection:

- Required Torque per Motor: 42 oz-in
- Selected Motor: Pololu 37D 4741
- Provided Speed (No Load): 530 RPM
- Provided Stall Torque: 120 in-oz
- Max Efficiency Torque: 13.9 oz-in

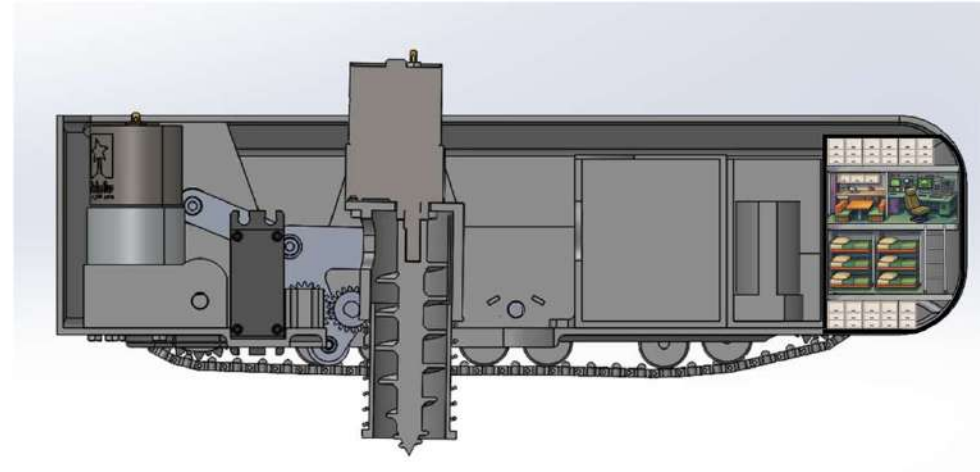


FINAL PAYLOAD DESIGN OVERVIEW



Predicted Payload Weight:

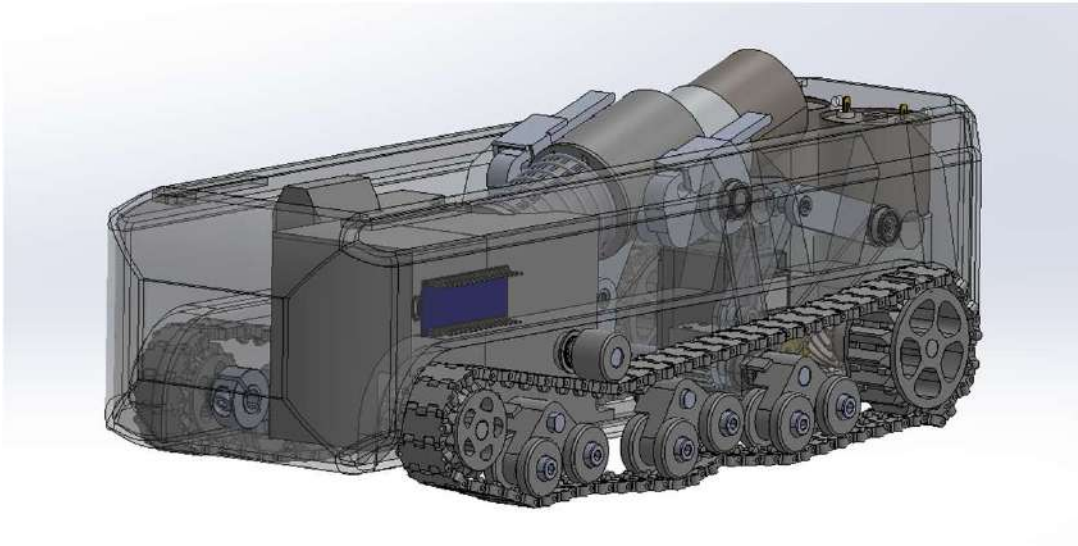
- 5.2 lb.



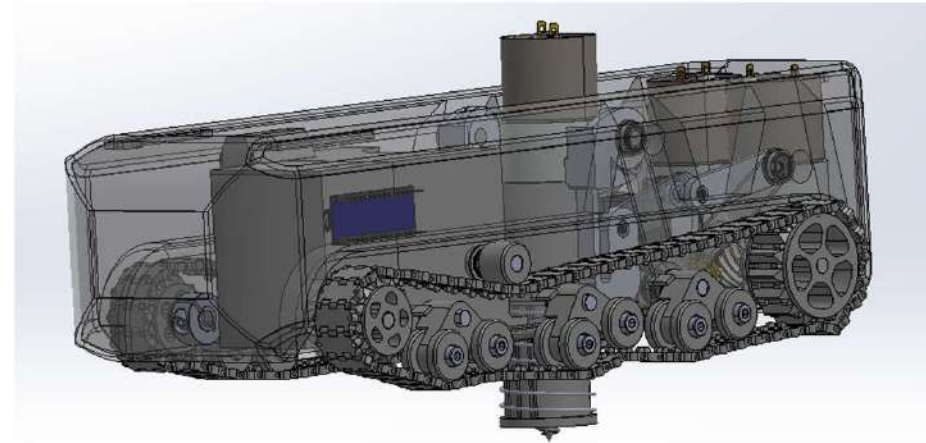
Side Section with Extended Housing



FINAL PAYLOAD DESIGN OVERVIEW



Payload Full Assembly with Stored Drill



Payload Full Assembly with Actuated Drill



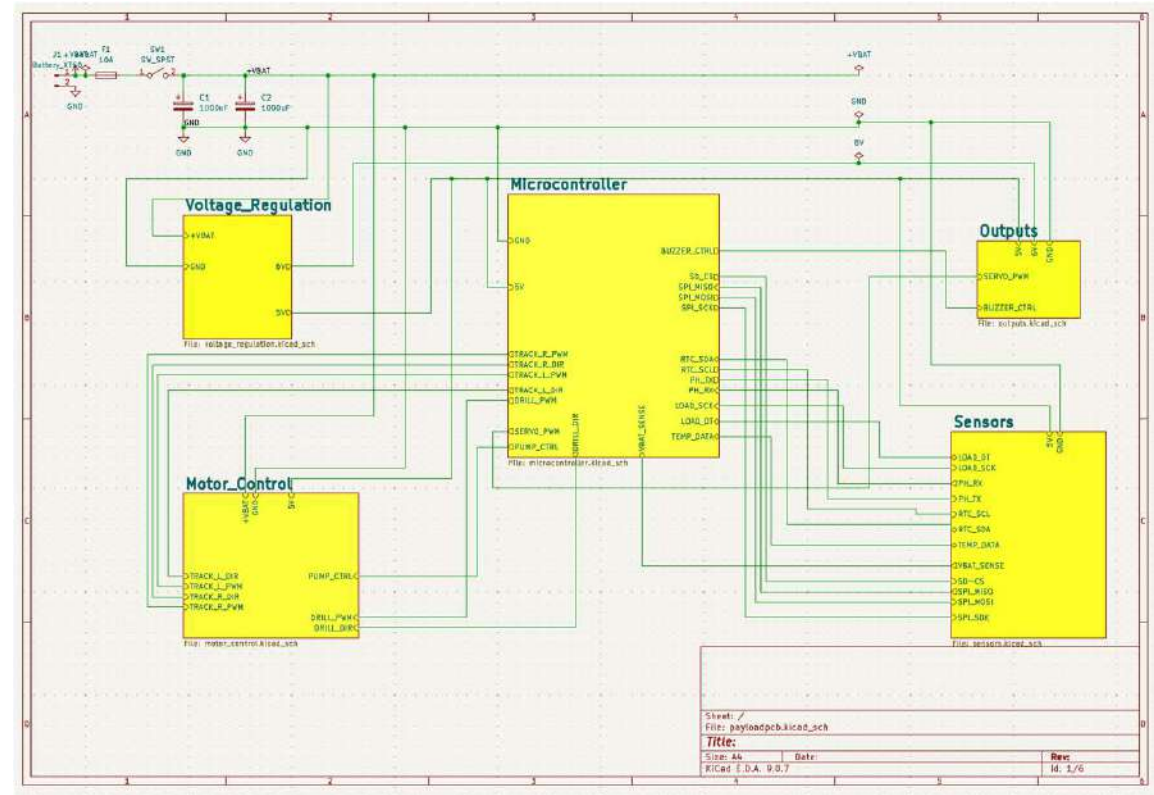
FINAL PAYLOAD DESIGN OVERVIEW

Payload Components List					
Item Number	Component Name	Quantity			
1	Terra Inquisitor Chassis	1	26	Rocker	2
2	Rear Sprocket	2	27	Slotted Guide Link Right Side	1
3	Front Sprocket	2	28	Slot Link Right Side	1
4	Idler Wheel	24	29	Slot Guide to Ground Joint	2
5	Wheel Rotator	6	30	1501 Series M4 x 0.7mm Standoff (6mm OD, 12mm Length)	2
6	Wheel Rotator Pin	12	31	M4 x 0.7mm Zinc-Plated Socket Head Screw (6mm Length)	8
7	4mm ID Non-Flanged Ball Bearing (10mm OD, 4mm Thickness)	24	32	2807 Series Stainless Steel Shim (6mm ID x 9mm OD, 0.50mm Thickness)	2
8	Pololu 4741 Motor	3	33	1501 Series M4 x 0.7mm Standoff (6mm OD, 8mm Length)	2
9	3598N291	4	34	2807 Series Stainless Steel Shim (4mm ID x 7mm OD, 0.50mm Thickness)	6
10	Lipo S3 Battery	1	35	1501 Series M4 x 0.7mm Standoff (6mm OD, 6mm Length)	4
11	Idler Wheel Assembly Guide	12	36	Slotted Guide Link Left Side	1
12	Track Chain	126	37	Slot Link Left Side	1
13	Track Pin	126	38	Drill Bit Lower Cover	1
14	6mm ID Flanged Ball Bearing	15	39	Auger Drill Bit	1
15	6mm D-Shaft (Stainless Steel, 60mm Length)	2	40	Drill Bit Upper Cover	1
16	6mm D-Shaft (Stainless Steel, 30mm Length)	2	41	B18.3.1M - 3 x 0.5 x 6 Hex SHCS -- 6NHX	4
17	Rear Motor Mount	1	42	6mm D-Shaft (Stainless Steel, 90mm Length)	1
18	B18.6.7M - M3 x 0.5 x 30 Indented HHMS --30N	8	43	2305 Series Brass, MOD 0.8, Servo Gear (25 Tooth Spline, 20 Tooth)	1
19	Tensioner Wheel	2	44	Servo Center Gear Block	1
20	Soil Container	1	45	Water Tank	1
21	Adfruit 4547 Submersible Pump	1	46	B18.6.7M - M3 x 0.5 x 8 Indented HHMS --8N	4
22	ENV-45-pH	1			
23	Ground Link	2			
24	Crank	2			
25	Coupler Link	2			

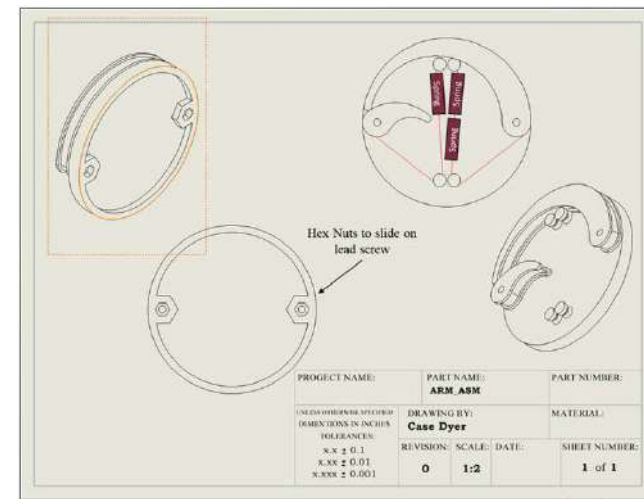
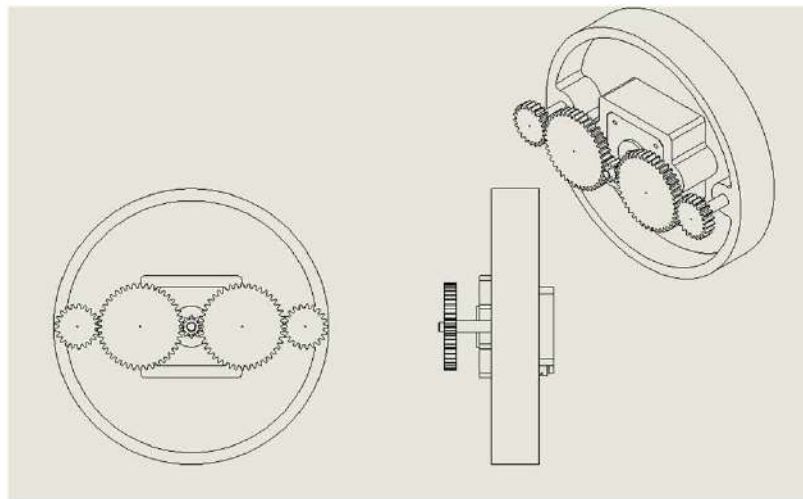
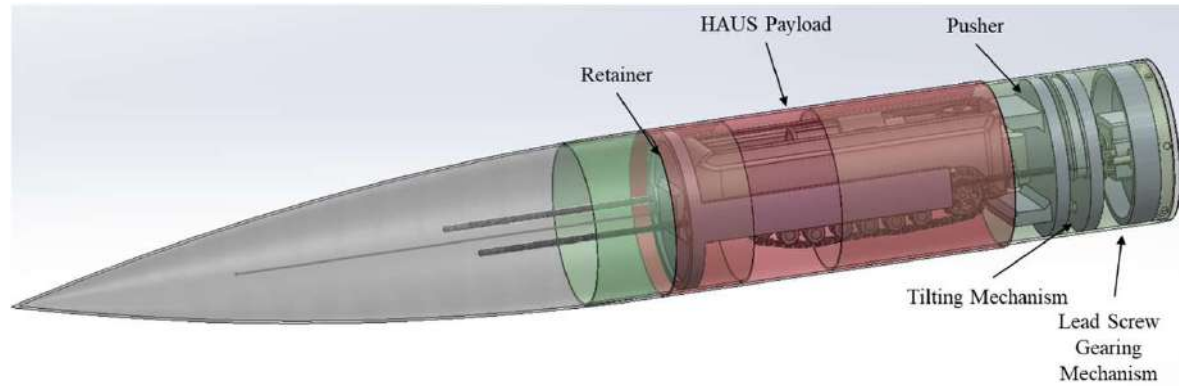


PAYLOAD INTEGRATION PLANS

- Power System
- Microcontroller
- Voltage Regulation
- Motor Control
- Outputs
- Sensors



PAYLOAD RETENTION SYSTEM





RECOVERY

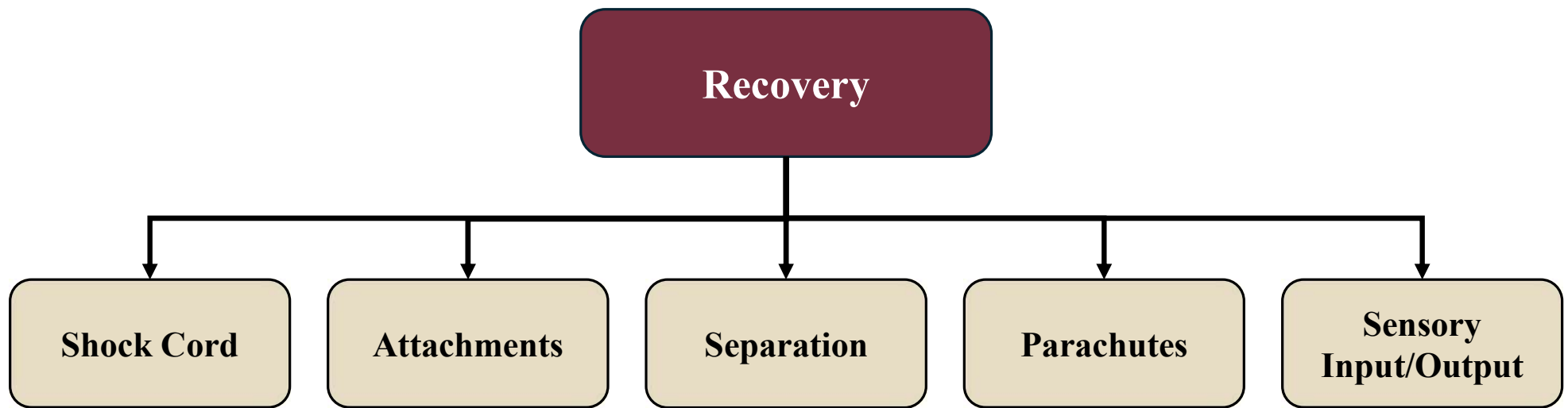


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FUNCTIONAL DECOMPOSITION

RECOVERY SYSTEM



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RECOVERY SYSTEM SELECTION

Recovery Selections					
Shock Cord			Separation		
Problem	Selection	Justification	Problem	Selection	Justification
Shock Cord Material	Paramax Cord	- High TS (1200lb) - Low Weight - Elasticity	Method	CO2 Ejection	- Minimal Pyrotechnics Needed - Safe for Recovery Hardware
Supplementary Cord Material	Paracord 550	- Moderate TS (550lb) - Low Weight - Elasticity	Drogue Separation	Apogee	Specified Requirement by NASA
Shock Cord Length	4x Rocket Length (40 ft)	- Prevents Collision - Sufficient Length	Main Separation	1000 ft	- Meets Energetic Altitude Requirement - Sufficient Height for Sequencing
			Main Sequence Event	650 ft	- Meets Energetic Altitude Requirement - Achieves Flight Time and Impact Energy Goals



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RECOVERY SYSTEM SELECTION

Recovery Selections								
Parachute			Attachments			Sensory Input/Output		
Problem	Selection	Justification	Problem	Selection	Justification	Problem	Selection	Justification
Main Sequencing	Reefed Main	- Accomplishes Time to Ground and Impact Energy Goals - Simpler than Pilot-Main Design	Cord Attachment Device	Eye Bolt	- Single Load Concentration - Distributes Load Across Bulkhead	Event Control	Barometric Altimeter/ Flight Computer	- Separation 1 at Apogee - Separation 2 at 1000 ft - Reef Cut at 650 ft
Drogue Size	15"	Accomplishes Time to Ground and Impact Energy Goals	Cord Attachment Device	Quick Link	Quick Attach/Detach from Eye Bolt	Event Initiation	E-Matches to Black Powder	CO2 Canisters & Reef Cutters initiated via Energetic Event
Reefed Main Size	36"	Accomplishes Time to Ground and Impact Energy Goals	Cord Attachment Material	Stainless Steel 316	- Commercially Available Parts - Sufficient Strength	Event Engagement	Eagle CO2 System	- Sharp Pin Releases CO2 - Requires Little Energetic Mass
Full Main Size	120"	Accomplishes Time to Ground and Impact Energy Goals				Power Device	3.8 V Lithium Battery	Sufficient Power Capability for All Devices



AVIONICS BAY

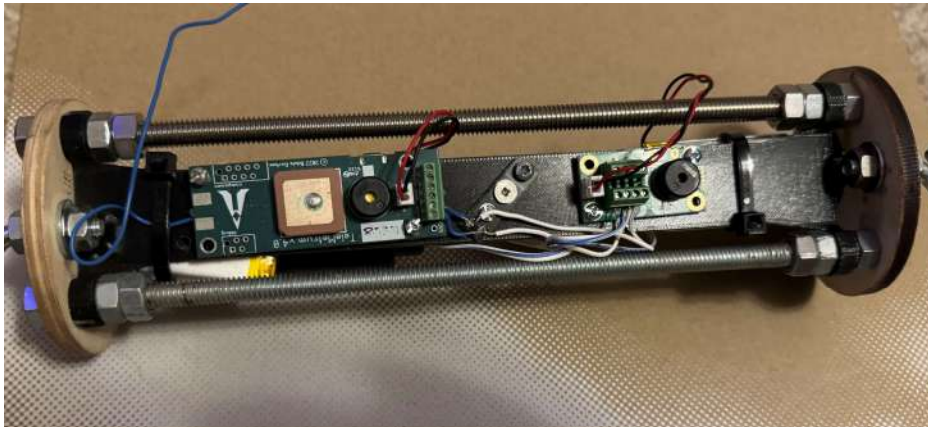
Flight Computer – Telemetrum & EZ Mini Computers

Power Supply – Energizer Ultimate Lithium 3.8V (L522)

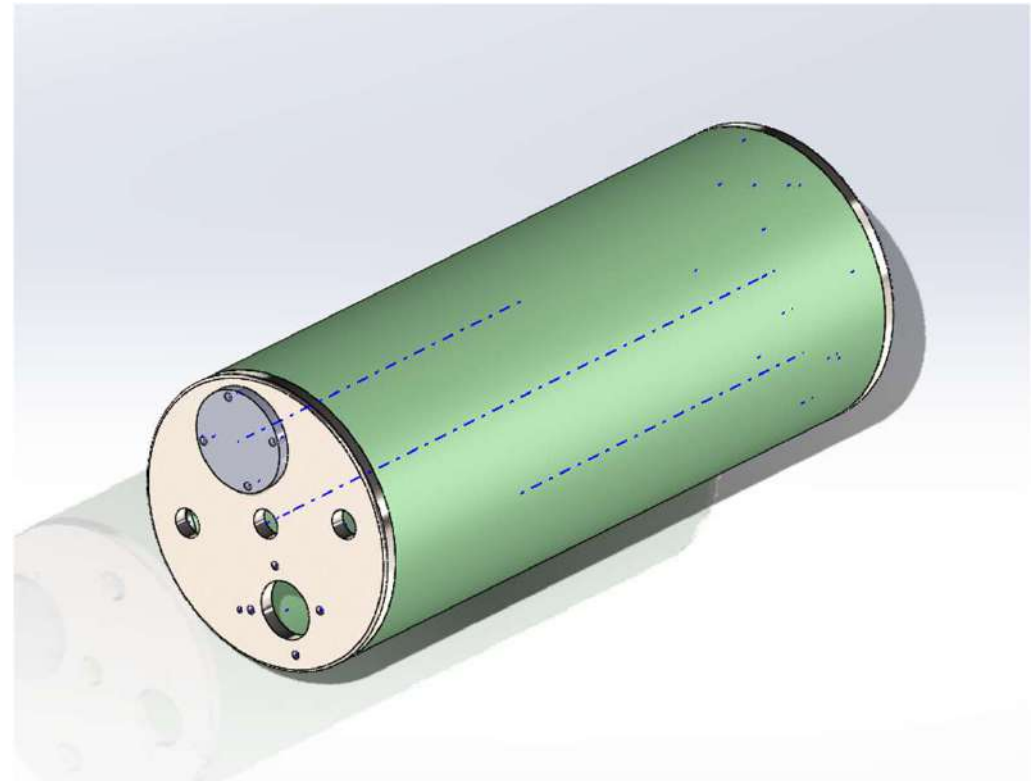
Ejection System – TR Eagle CO_2 Ejection Device

Arming Device – Screw Switch

Material Makeup – 3D Printed Material (PLA/PETG)



Subscale AV Bay



AV Bay SOLIDWORKS Part



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EJECTION SYSTEM

Two Stage Main Deployment

- Tinder Rocketry's Eagle CO_2 Ejection System
- 38 g CO_2 canisters
- 2 each side, 1 for redundancy
- E-Matches to contained charge

Drogue Release

- Sep Body tube 1 & 2
- Event initiated at apogee

Main Release

- Sep Body tube 2 & 3
- Event initiated at 1000 ft



TR Peregrine



TR Eagle



CO₂ CARTRIDGE SIZING

Testing

- Subscale “Terra Parvis V2” tested with TR Peregrine CO₂ System
- 7 ejection tests conducted

Results

- 6/7 tests successful
- Failed test had specific cause
- Consistent separation proven

Full Scale Relation

- Sub & full-scale geometries related
- Related CO₂ (grams) / volume
- 25g (fwd) 38g (aft) selected
- 38g each for redundancy



Tested 8g CO₂ Canisters
Successful (Left); Malfunctioned (Right)



REEFING & CUTTING SYSTEM

Two Stage Main Deployment

120" Parachute

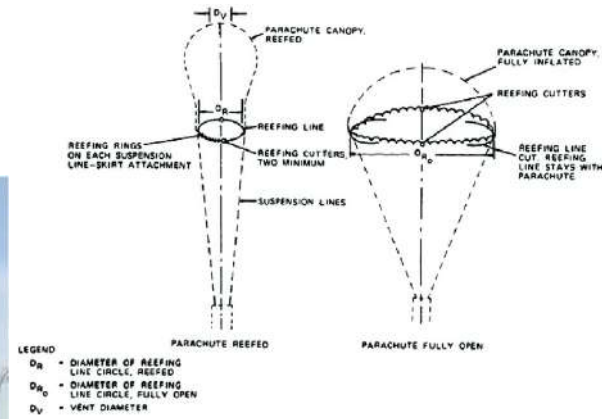
- Deployed at 1000 ft
- Reefed to 36"
- Reef Cut after 4 seconds (~650 ft)

Initiation

- Isolated flight computer/power supply
- E-Matches to contained charge

Testing

- Several tests conducted to prove concept
- Successful demonstration in subscale flight 3



REEFING & CUTTING SYSTEM TESTING

Test Materials

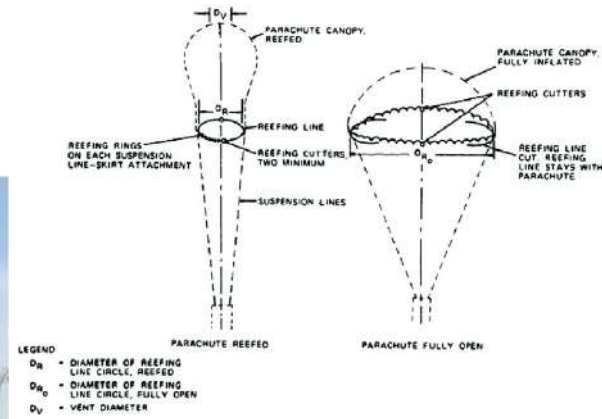
- 72" Parachute from first subscale used for testing
- Moving vehicle used to simulate wind speed

Test Parameters

- Parachute reefed to 24"
- Tested up to 40mph (58.67 ft/s)

Test Results

- Reefing system proved viable
- Difficult to simulate true deployment forces
- Test served to prove chute deploys properly
- Subscale flight 3 proves design can handle recovery



AVIONICS BAY COMPUTER CONFIGURATIONS

Flight Computer: Altus TeleMetrum

Redundant System: Altus EasyMini

Configuration Software: AltOS

Recovery Electronic Configurations			
Criteria	TeleMetrum	EasyMini	Reefing Computer
Mode	Dual Deployment	Dual Deployment	Single Deployment
Drogue	Apogee	Apogee	N/A
Main	1000 ft	1000 ft	650 ft
Location	AV Bay	AV Bay	Main Parachute
Arming	Screw Switch	Screw Switch	Wireless

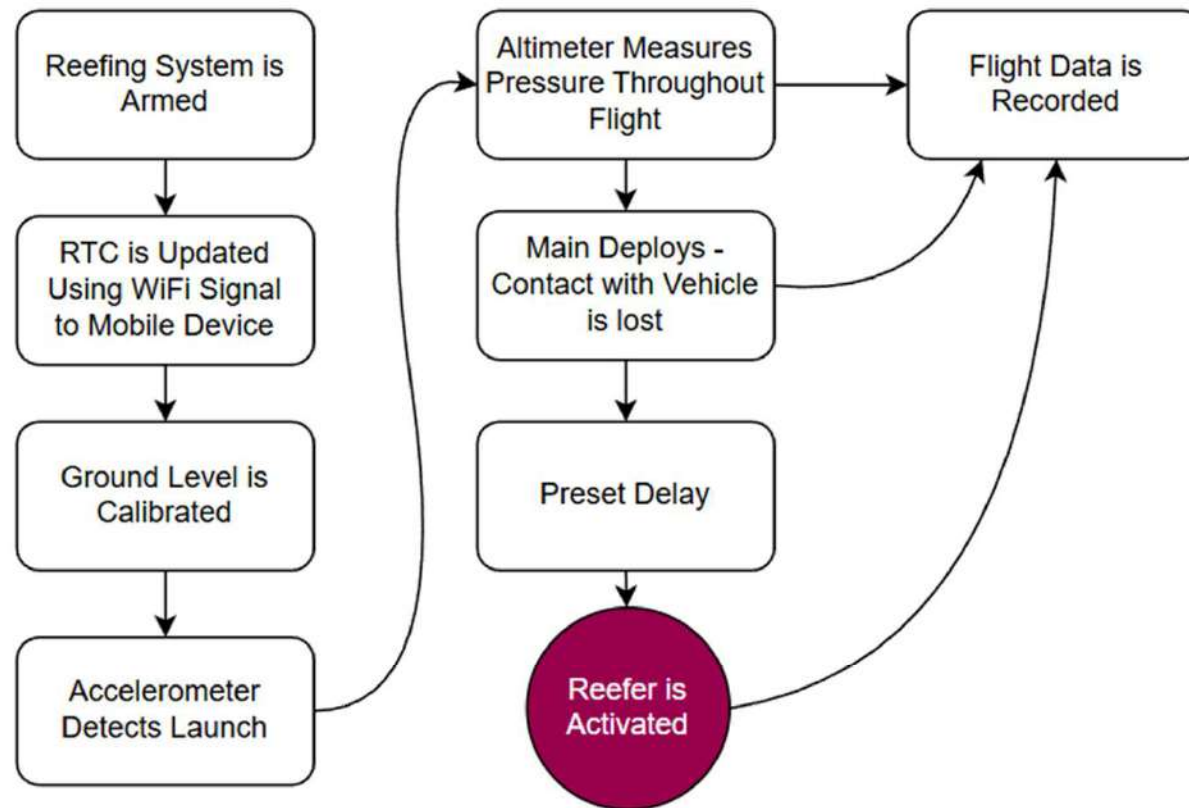


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REEFING & CUTTING SYSTEM STATE DIAGRAM





LAUNCH VEHICLE PREDICTED PERFORMANCE



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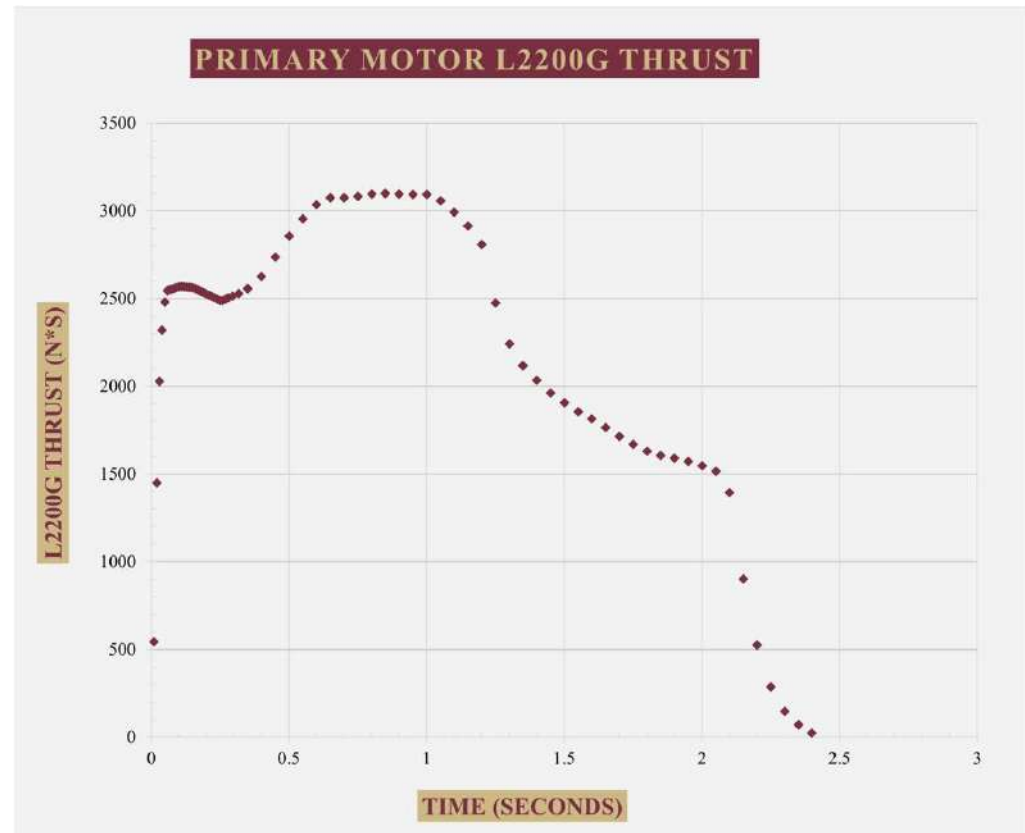


ROCKET PERFORMANCE PREDICATIONS

Motor Selection		
Primary Motor	Secondary Motor	Tertiary Motor
L2200G-0	L1420R-P	L1395
Justification		
• Average Apogee of 5141 ft • Total Impulse: 5104Ns	• Average Apogee of 4133 ft • Total Impulse: 4585 Ns	• Average Apogee of 4808 ft • Total Impulse: 4783 Ns

L2200G-0:

- Thrust to weight ratio: 9.88:1.0
- Maximum Thrust: 3099 N
- Average thrust: 2243 N



ROCKET PERFORMANCE PREDICATIONS

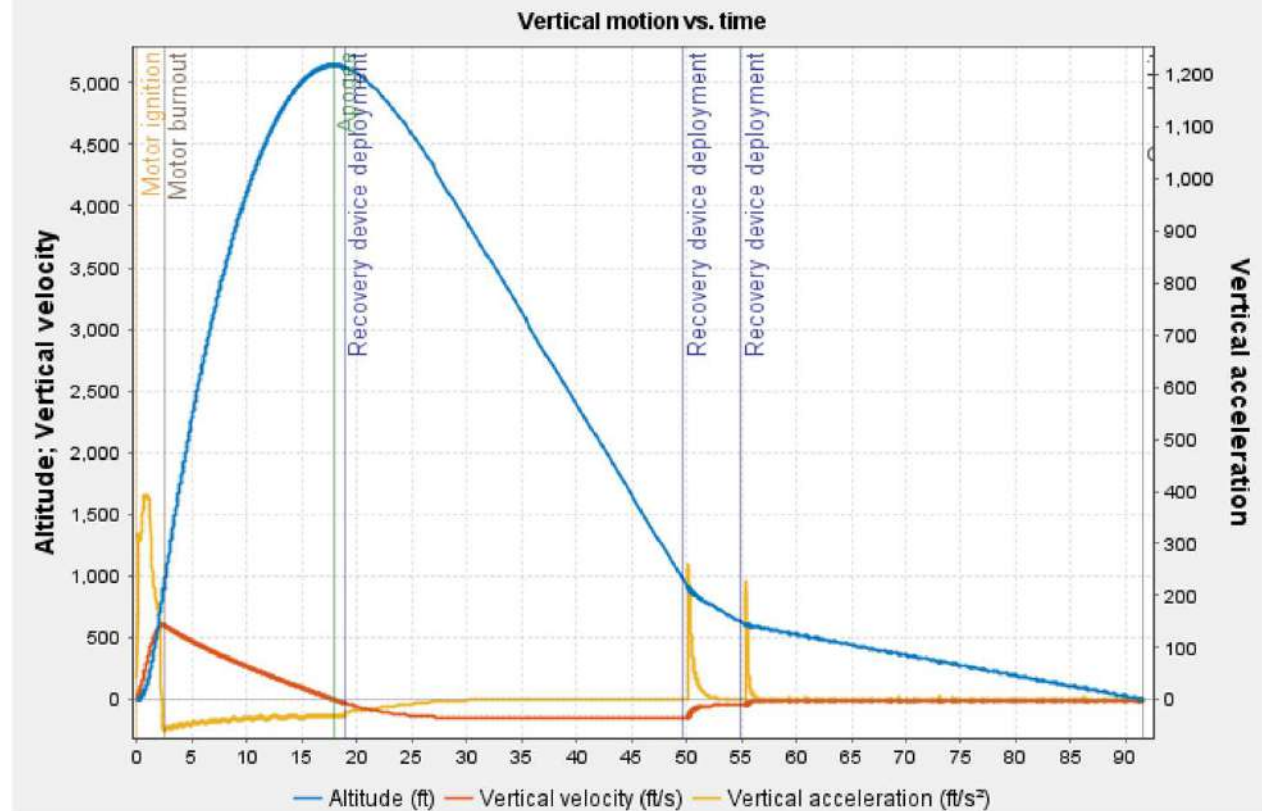
Predicted Performance

Apogee	Descent Time	MAX Impact Energy
5141 ft	73.7 s	57.12 ft-lbs
Velocity off Rod	Landing Vel	Heaviest Section
81.8 ft/s	16.5 ft/s	13.50 lbs

Flight Notes

- Drogue at Apogee
- Reefed Main at 1000 ft
- Reef cut after 4s (~650 ft)
- Highest Deployment Force: 315 lbs
- Wind speed: 11 ft/s

Terra Nova Predicted Performance



WIND DRIFT CALCULATIONS

Descent Drift

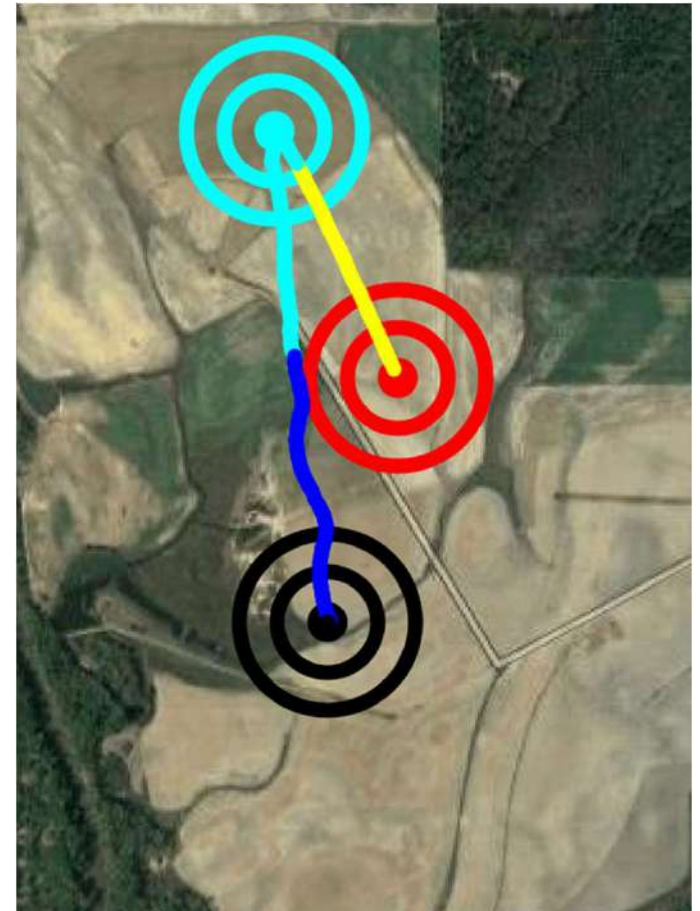
5 MPH Wind	10 MPH Wind	15 MPH Wind	20 MPH Wind
540 ft	1081 ft	1621 ft	2162 ft

Descent Rates

15" Drogue	36" Reef	120" Main
146 ft/s	51 ft/s	16.5 ft/s

APOGEE: 5141 ft

DESCENT TIME: 73.7 s



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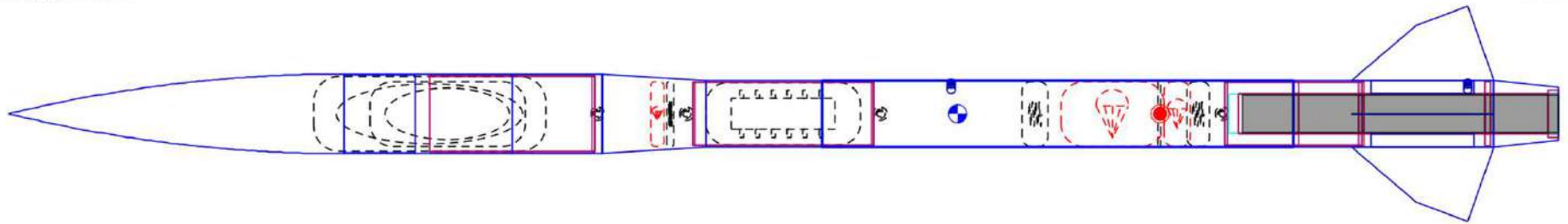
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ROCKET STABILITY

TERRA NOVA V4.1
Length 120 in, max. diameter 6.17 in
Mass with no motors 649 oz
Mass with motors 801 oz

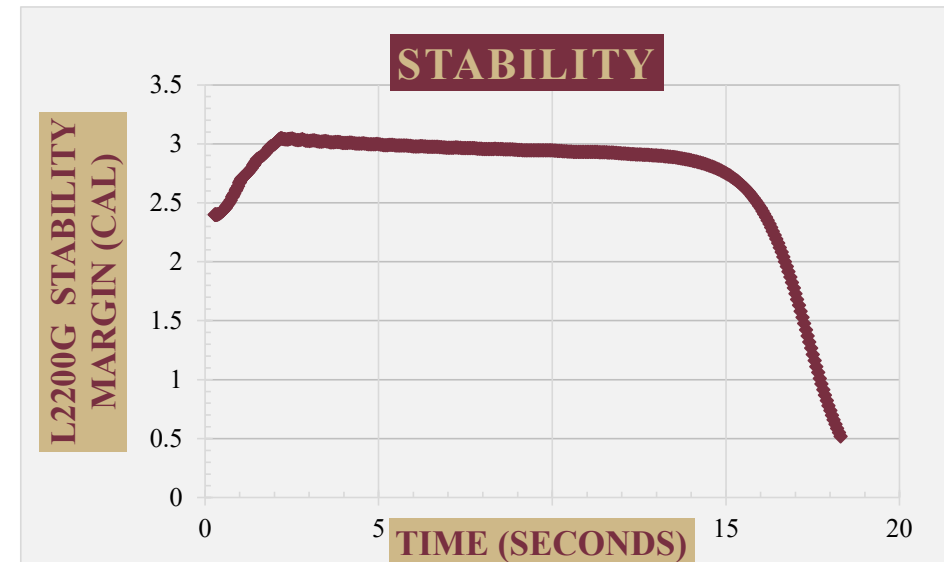
Stability: 2.54 cal / 13.1 %
CG: 73.511 in
CP: 89.181 in
at M=0.300



Apogee: 5491 ft
Max. velocity: 612 ft/s (Mach 0.551)
Max. acceleration: 226 ft/s²

Stability (Cal)		
Minimum	Maximum	Static Stability
0.5	3.05	2.4

CG: 73.51" AFT
CP: 89.18" AFT





S A F E T Y

LAUNCH DAY SAFETY PLAN

Pre-Launch

- Oversee final vehicle integration and readiness
- Verify safety, arming states, and configuration compliance
- Support launch readiness and resolve discrepancies

Launch

- Support pad operations and final safety checks
- Coordinate with mentor, RSO, and range personnel
- Assist with troubleshooting and launch execution

Post-Launch

- Assist with post-flight inspection and data retrieval
- Support cleaning and disassembly



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THANK YOU!

ANY QUESTIONS?



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S O U R C E S

1. Xuan, M., Montgomery, J., Anderson, J. B., & Kiernan, M. (2023). *Characterizing strength loss in high plasticity clays along Alabama highways* (Final Report No. 930-988). Highway Research Center, Department of Civil Engineering, Auburn University. Submitted to the Alabama Department of Transportation.

<https://www.eng.auburn.edu/files/centers/hrc/930-988-final-report.pdf>



APPENDIX



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LAUNCH VEHICLE DIMENSIONS

General Dimensions		
Airframe Component	Measurement	Weight (oz)
HAUS Section		Primary ID: 6" Primary OD: 6.17"
Nose Cone	·Shape: 4:1 Ogive ·Base OD: 6.17" ·Length: 24"	26
Nose Cone Shoulder Length	Length: 5.5"	0
Body Tube 1	Length: 13"	25.6
Terra Inquisitor	Length: 13.5"	96
Mechanical Separation	Full Section	40
HAUS Section Coupler	Length: 12.75"	25.5
HAUS Bulkhead	Thickness: 3/16"	23.4
HAUS Recovery Hardware	I-bolt Assembly	3

Avionics Section		Primary ID: 5" Primary OD: 5.15"
Apogee Drogue Parachute	Diameter: 15"	1
Paramax Drogue Shock Cord	Cord Length: 20ft	12.5
Custom Transition Airframe	·Overall length: 24" ·Transitions OD from 6.17" to 5.15" OD ·Transitions from 6" ID to 5" ID Upper Length: 7"; Weight: 18.8 ·Transitioning length: 8" Weight: 24 Lower Length: 9"; Weight: 17.8 ·Transition angle: 3.68°	60.6
Avionics Recovery Hardware x 2	I-bolt Assembly	3
Avionics Bay Coupler	Length: 14"	15.5
Avionics Bay Bulkhead x2	Thickness: .25"	16
Avionics Bay Electronics Assembly	Length: 13"	50
Body Tube 2	Length: 36.5"	52.8
Main Shock Cord	Length: 24 ft	19.3
Main Parachute	Diameter: 120"	22
Reef Mechanism	Diameter: 30"	8

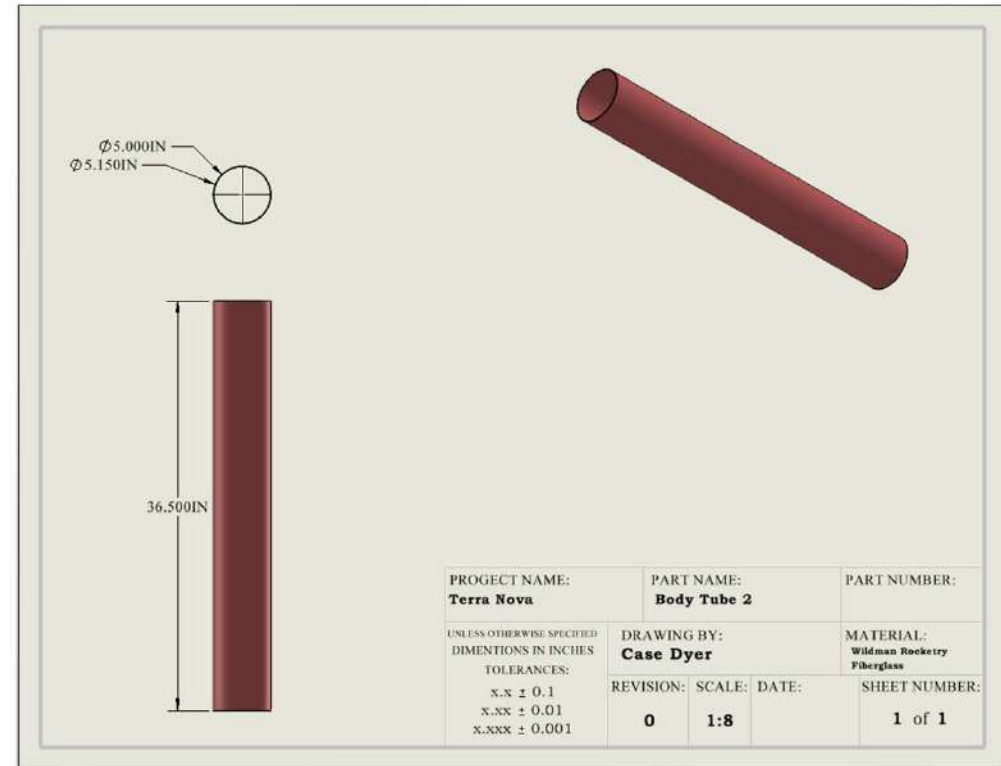
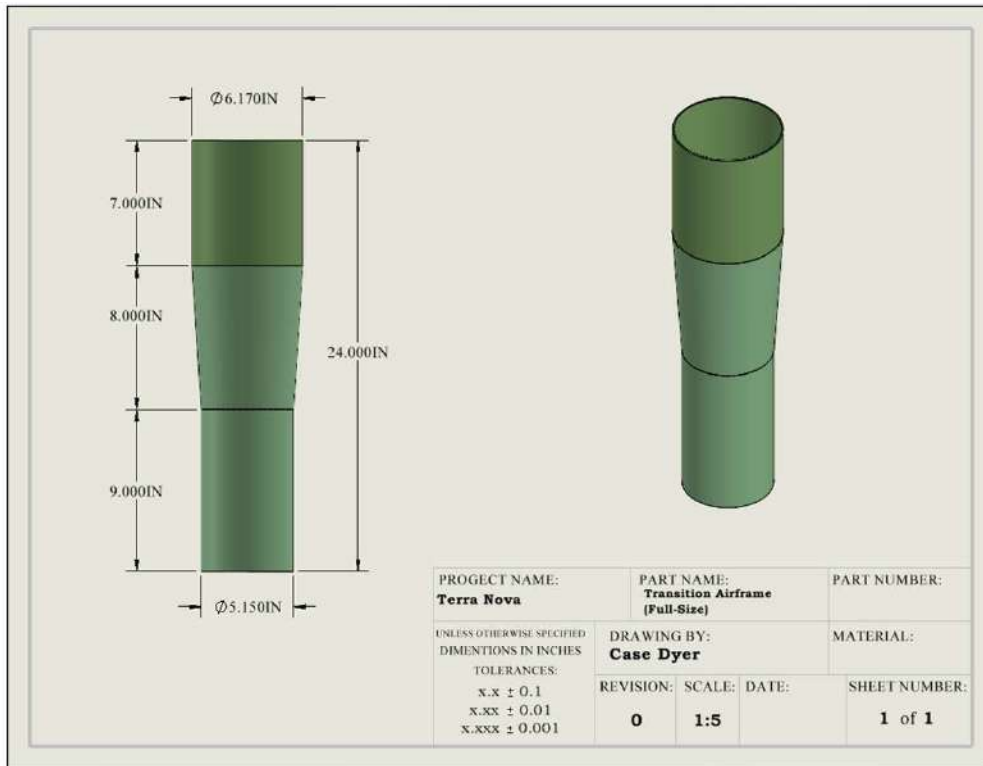


LAUNCH VEHICLE DIMENSIONS

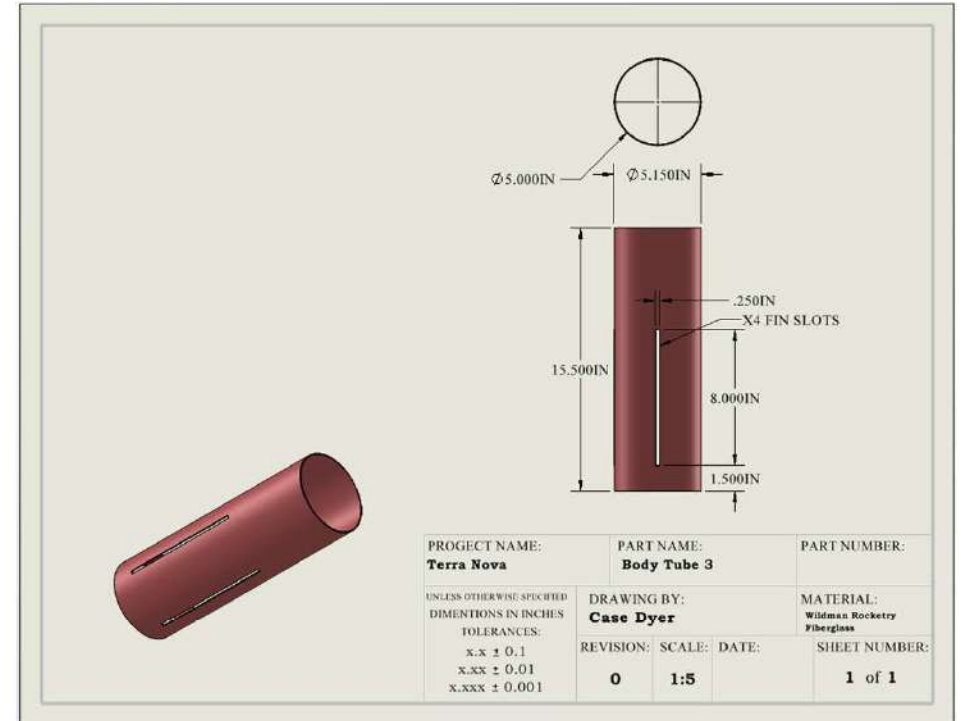
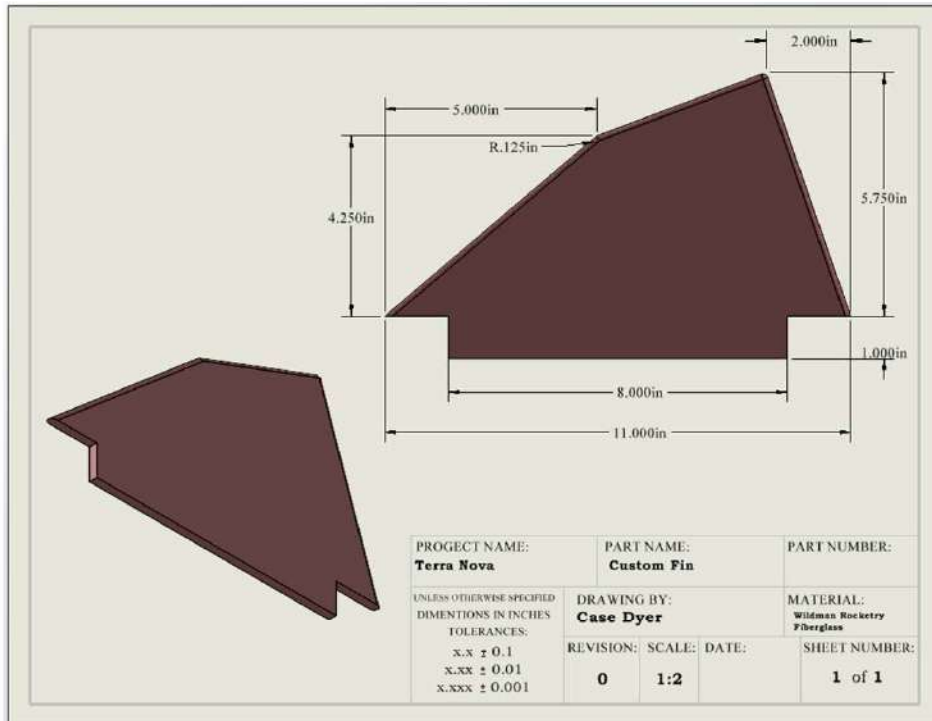
Propulsion Section		Primary ID: 5" Primary OD: 5.15"
RMS Bulkhead	Thickness: .25"	15.8
RMS Recovery Hardware	Already Attached I-bolt	0
Propulsion Coupler	Length: 10.625"	11.8
Motor Tube	24	6.23
Aerotech RMS	RMS size: 75/5120	65.1
Body Tube 3	Length: 16.5"	22.4
Clipped Trapezoidal Fin Set	As detailed	51.4
Coupler Centering Ring	Thickness: 7/16"	3.53
Centering Rings x2	Thickness: 7/16"	3.78
Rail Buttons	Standoff Length 3/8	0.265
Motor Retainer	RMS Diameter: 75mm	3.35
Boat-Tail	· Length: 5" · Transitions: 5.15" OD to 4.5" OD	15.52
Overall Vehicle Length		120"
Motor Weight		10.5 lb
Vehicle Weight (Excluding Primary Motor)		45.13 lb
Total Vehicle Weight		55.63 lb



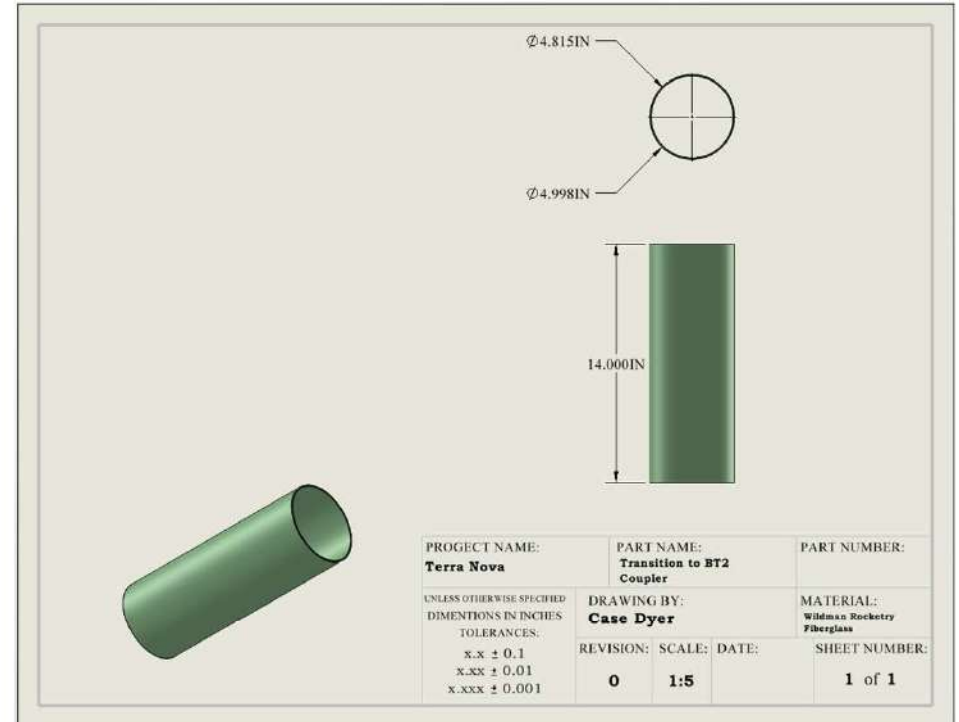
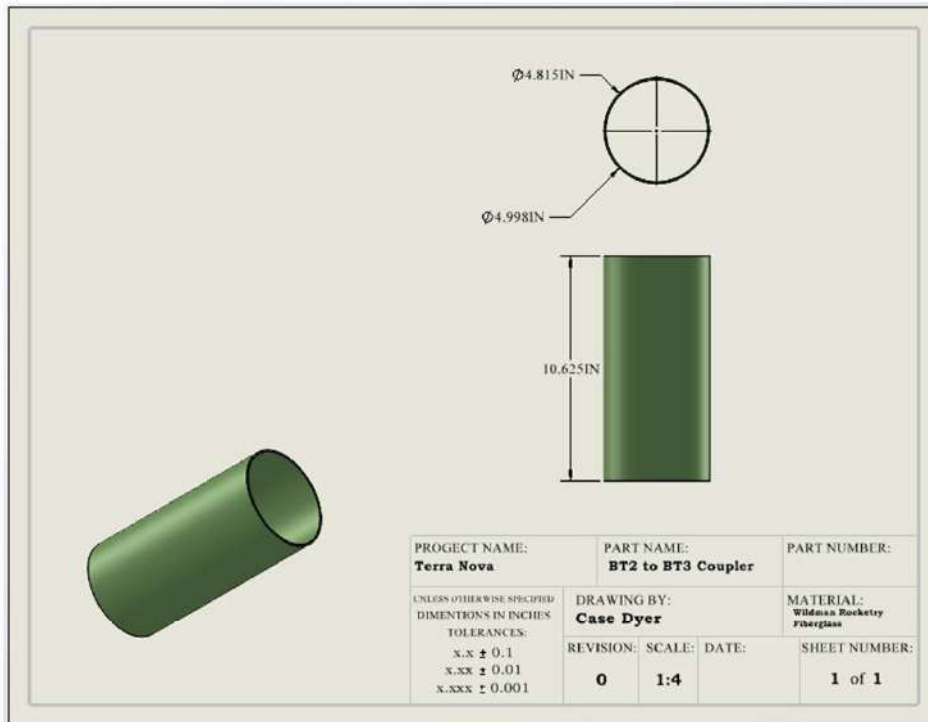
LAUNCH VEHICLE DIMENSIONS



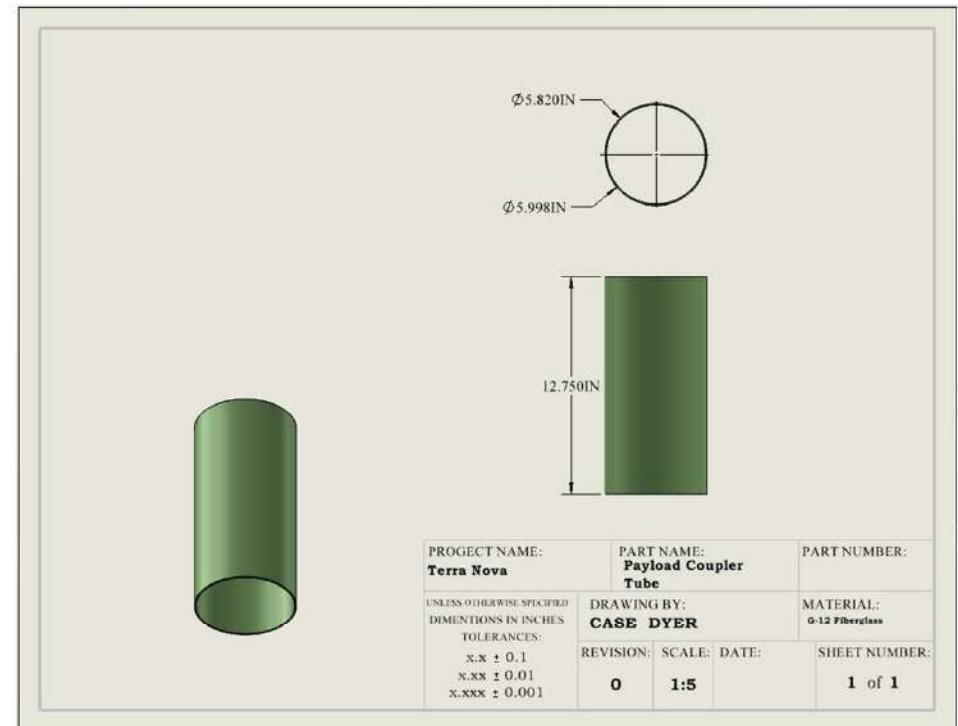
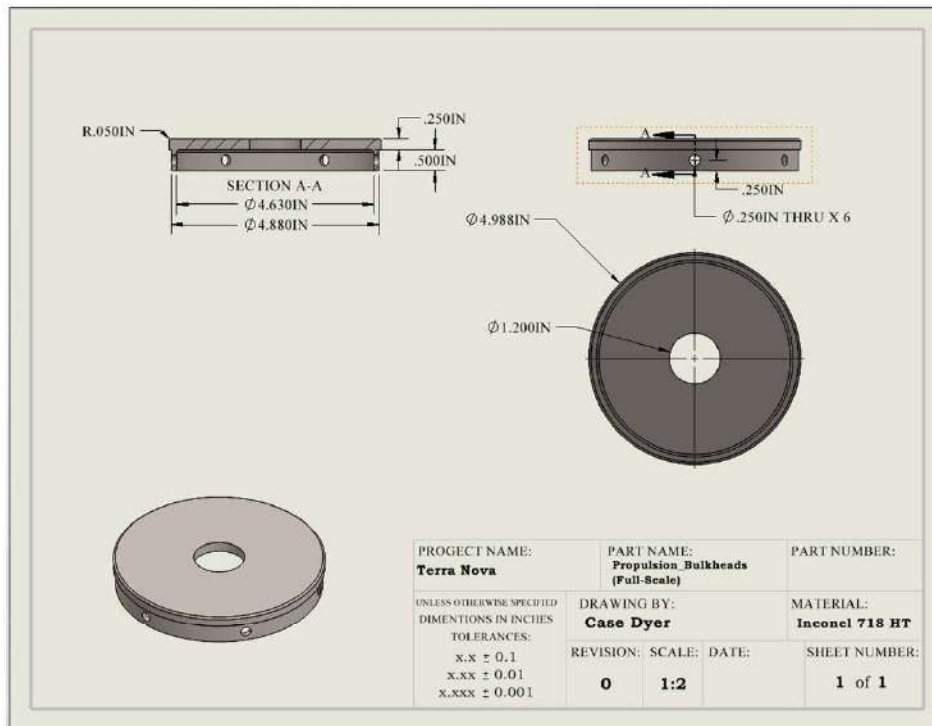
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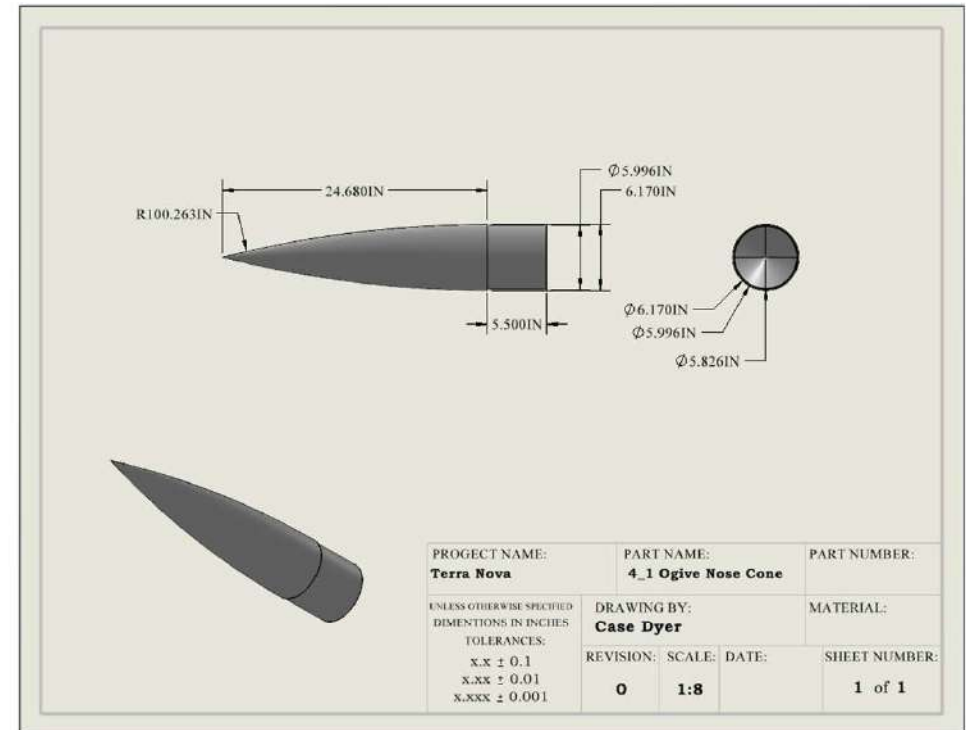
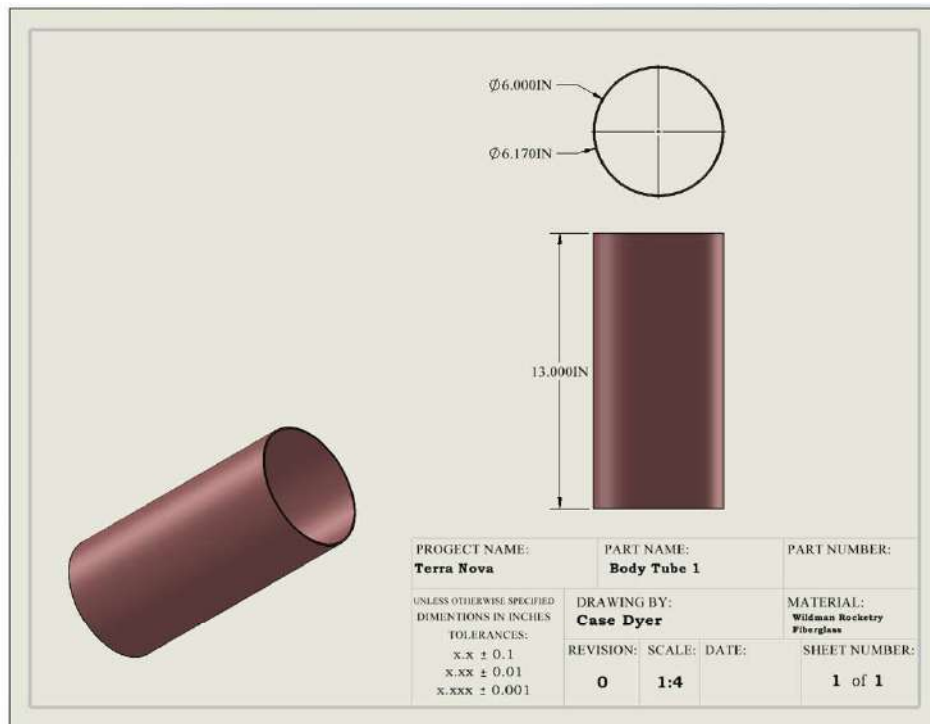
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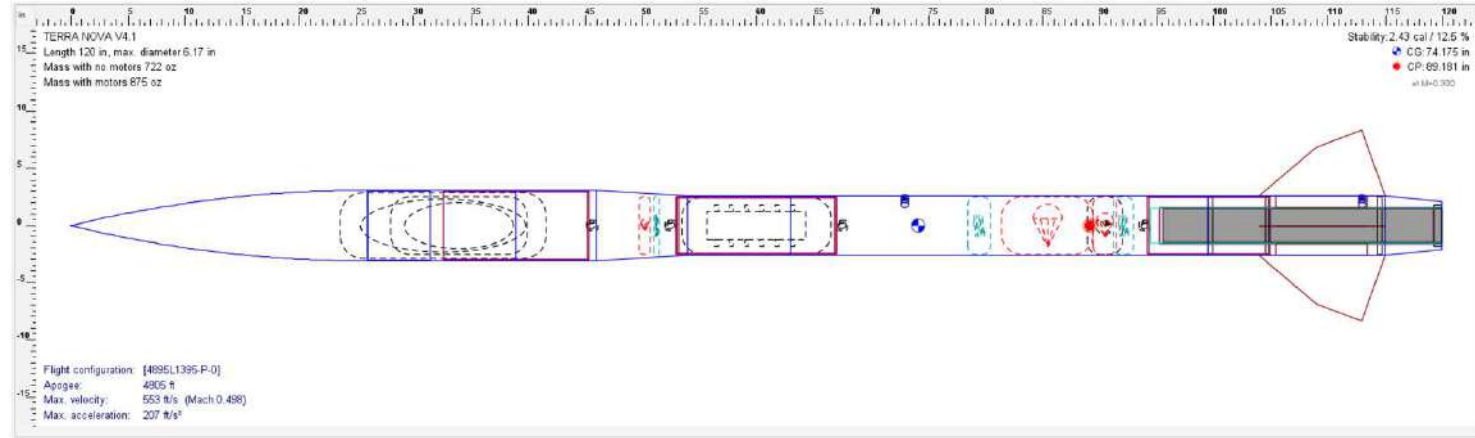
LAUNCH VEHICLE DIMENSIONS



LAUNCH VEHICLE DIMENSIONS



LAUNCH VEHICLE DIMENSIONS



Internal Length for Apogee Separation

- 7.625"

Internal Length for Main Separation

- 51.19"

Internal Volume for Apogee Separation

- 191.7 in³

Internal Volume for Main Separation

- 1005 in³



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PAYLOAD TESTING

Track System Testing



SUBSCALE LANDING IMAGES V2 FLIGHT 1



SUBSCALE LANDING IMAGES V2 FLIGHT 2



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SUBSCALE LANDING IMAGES V2 FLIGHT 2



SUBSCALE SEPARATION TESTS

