

TAKE HOME EXAM (EML 4536)

100 Points

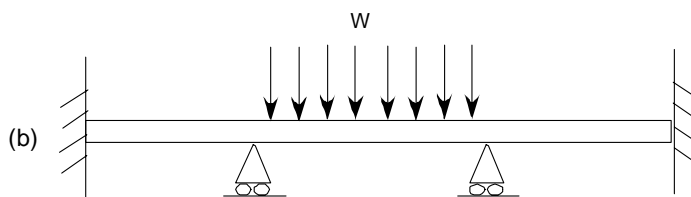
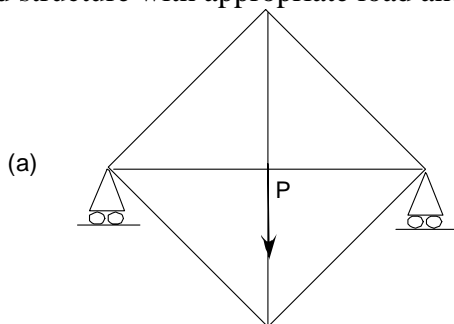
Part A

Provide brief answers to following questions (3 points each)

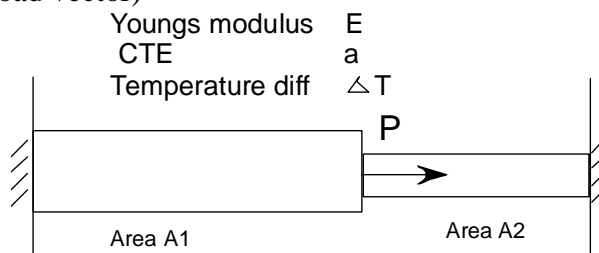
- 1) What does an element of Stiffness matrix K_{ij} represent? What does the row $(K_{21}, K_{22}, K_{23}, \dots)$ represent?
- 2) What is the order of stiffness matrix for a structure with N elements and M nodes for a two dimensional problem
- 3) Can the following matrix represent the stiffness matrix? Specify reasons.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 23 & 0 \\ 23 & 6 & -8 \\ 0 & 8 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

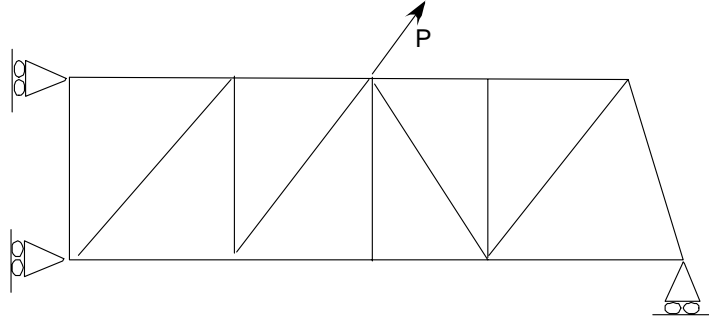
- 4) What is a singular matrix? What happens to a stiffness matrix when boundary conditions are applied
- 5) Write the polynomial displacement function for a bar element with four nodes.
- 6) Why do we need cubic displacement functions to describe beam elements?
- 7) Use symmetry to simplify the following structures. (Do not need to solve it. Draw the simplified structure with appropriate load and boundary conditions)



- 8) Assemble the load vector for following structure. (Do not need to solve it. Assemble the load vector)



- 9) Write the number of elements, nodes required and degree of freedom to solve following truss using FEM.

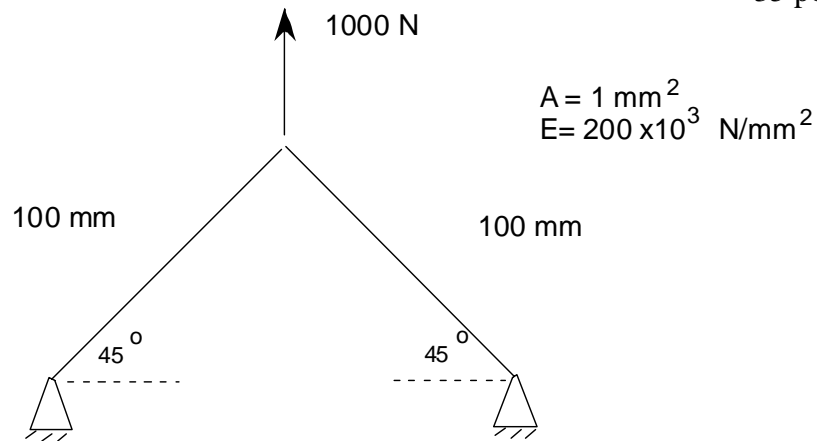


10) Write the degree of freedom per node for following elements.

- a) Bar
- b) 3D Truss
- c) Beam

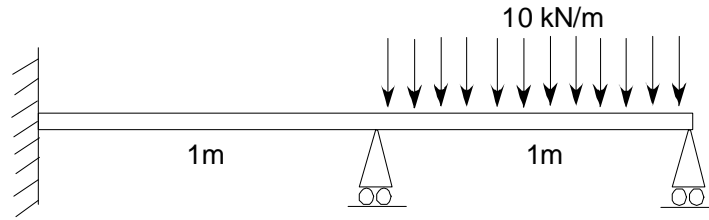
Part B

- 1) (a) Solve the following truss for displacements and forces using finite element method. Estimate the stresses and strains in each member. (USE SYMMETRY) 35 points



- (b) If coefficient of thermal expansion is $2 \times 10^{-6} /^\circ\text{C}$ and temperature is raised by 200°C solve for stresses and strains.

- 2) Solve the following beam for displacements and rotations at the nodal points using FEM. 35 points



$$EI = 6 \times 10^5 \text{ N/m}$$