## Page 477, \#35(b)

1 p477, \#35(b), §1 Asked

Asked: The line through point $P_{0},(2,-3,5)$, and parallel to the line $x-y+2 z+4=0$, $2 x+3 y+6 z-12=0$.


## 2 p477, \#35(b), §2 Identification



- I need a vector in the direction of the desired line.
- This is the same direction as the given line.
- The two equations give me vectors $\vec{n}_{1}$ and $\vec{n}_{2}$ normal to the given line
- Cross the two vectors!

3 p477, \#35(b), §3 Solution

$$
x-y+2 z+4=0 \quad \Longrightarrow \quad \vec{n}_{1}=(1,-1,2)
$$

$$
\begin{gathered}
2 x+3 y+6 z-12=0 \quad \Longrightarrow \quad \vec{n}_{2}=(2,3,6) \\
\vec{s}=\left|\begin{array}{ccc}
\hat{\imath} & \hat{\jmath} & \hat{k} \\
1 & -1 & 2 \\
2 & 3 & 6
\end{array}\right|=\left(\begin{array}{c}
-12 \\
-2 \\
5
\end{array}\right) \\
\vec{r}=\left(\begin{array}{c}
x \\
y \\
z
\end{array}\right)=\left(\begin{array}{c}
2 \\
-3 \\
5
\end{array}\right)+\mu\left(\begin{array}{c}
-12 \\
-2 \\
5
\end{array}\right)
\end{gathered}
$$

Alternatively:

$$
\frac{x-2}{-12}=\frac{y+3}{-2}=\frac{z-5}{5}(=\mu)
$$

